





Instruction Manual (Original Instructions)

Oil-free Scroll Vacuum Pump

DIS-252

This instruction manual includes very important warnings, cautions and operating procedure in order to operate this pump safely and efficiently.

Be sure to read this instruction manual thoroughly and fully understand before operation.

After reading it, store it in a convenient place for immediate and future reading.

*Before use, be sure to fill in the blank spaces below for future repair and after-service.

Serial No.
Who sold it to you
Purchase date
When you began operation

Declaration of Conformity

Identification of the product: Scroll Vacuum Pump

Name and address of Name and address of

the manufacturer: the authorised representative:

ULVAC KIKO, Inc. Chris Goebel 291-7, Chausubaru, Saito-shi, ULVAC GmbH

Miyazaki-ken, 881-0037, Klausnerring 4 85551 Kirchheim b. München,

Japan Germany

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.

Object of the declaration:

Series DIS-252 Models Designation DIS-252

Ratings 1-phase, 50Hz, AC100/200/230V

60Hz, AC100/115/200/230V

3-phase, 50Hz, AC200/380/400/415V

60Hz, AC200/208/460V

The object of the declaration described above is in conformity with the relevant EU harmonisation legislation :

2006 / 42 / EC Machinery Directive

2011 / 65 / EU Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances

in Electrical and electronic equipment

References to the relevant harmonised standards used or references to the specifications in relation to which conformity is declared :

EN 1012-2:1996+A1:2009 Compressors and Vacuum Pumps-Safety Requirements,

Part 2: Vacuum Pumps

EN 50581:2012 Technical documentation for the assessment of electrical

and electronic products with respect to the restriction of

hazardous substances

Name and address of the notified body:

TÜV Rheinland LGA Products GmbH - Tillystraße 2 - 90431 Nürnberg, Germany

Signed for and on behalf of the above named manufacturer:

Place and date of issue : Miyazaki, Japan 19-Jan-2022

Name, function: Makoto Uchimura

Manager of Engineering Dept.

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Signature:

Makoto Uchimura

Important information

Be sure to read this instruction manual to understand how to operate equipment correctly. Only operators, who fully understand warnings, cautions and instructions, are to operate the equipment. Improper operation (mishandling) can cause serious bodily injury, death, fire or explosion.



Store this manual in a convenient place for immediate and future reference.

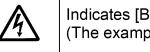
◆Regarding safety

- The safety instructions given in this manual are the minimum operating requirements. Follow all national or municipal laws and regulations pertaining to fire, electricity, and other safety regulations, as well as corporate regulations.
- Pay special attention to items which are shown by the below marks and symbols.
- Symbols and marks have the following meanings.

Examples of marks

<u> </u>	WARNING	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in serious injury or loss of life.
<u> </u>	CAUTION	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or property damage.

Examples of symbols



Indicates [Beware]. We will explain briefly in or near the symbol. (The example on the left is [Beware of electric shock]).



Indicates [Prohibited action]. We will explain briefly in or near the symbol. (The example on the left is [Do not touch]).



Indicates [Required action]. We will explain briefly in or near the symbol. (The example on the left is [Be sure to ground]).

Supplementary notes

	Indicates notes which we ask you to observe. They are helpful to achieve full performance and functionality of the equipment.
-	achieve full performance and functionality of the equipment.

^{*} We shall not be responsible for any injury or damage caused by disregard of warnings, cautions or instructions.

For safe operation

Below is very important information about how to safely operate the equipment. Before operation, be sure to read and fully understand the contents.



WARNING



Be careful about lifting

Danger of cargo collapse

Be careful to install vacuum pump using motor handle (DIS-252 mass 25kgs/1-phase,23kgs/3-phase) while paying attention to stability of suspended load. If not, it can cause damage, failure or bodily injury from falling cargo due to hoisting failure, or by being caught between suspended cargo and other material.



Avoid moisture

Danger of electric shock

Install in an area which is not exposed to moisture such as rain or steam. If moisture comes into and tact with the electric source connection, it can cause fire or bodily injury due to short-circuit or electric shock.



Install at a safe site

Danger of explosion, fire and accident

Install in an area free from explosive, flammable or corrosive substances. If not, it can cause explosion, fire or accident.



Ask qualified electrician

Danger of short-circuit and electric shock

Ask a qualified electrician to perform electric wiring.

If not, short-circuit or electric shock can cause fire or bodily injury.



Turn off electric source

Danger of electric shock and entanglement

Be sure to turn off electric source on building site before wiring.

If not, it can cause electric shock or bodily injury due to turning objects.



Install overcurrent protective device

Danger of accident, fire and

Be sure to install protective device to protect circuitry. We recommend overcurrent protective device (rated 15A) to protect branch circuit.

If equipment is not stopped in an

emergency, it can cause accident, fire or



Install emergency stop switch

Danger of accident, fire or failure

Be sure to install an electric source emergency stop switch (or protective device that can urgently stop). If equipment is not stopped in an emergency, it can cause accident, fire or failure.



Install short circuit protective device

Danger of fire and electric shock

Install short circuit protective device.

If not, it can cause bodily injury due to fire or electric shock.



Install motor protective circuit breaker to protect motor

Danger of electric fire and electric

Install motor protective circuit breaker to protect motor.

If not, bodily injury due to electric fire or electric shock can result.

If you have any questions about the selection of protective devices, contact either our sales branches who sold it to you or local sales offices.



Be careful about wiring

Danger of short-circuit and electric shock

We recommend an electric source cable of more than 2mm² (more than rated 10A/1-phase, 7A/3-phase) cross section area for electric source cable and earth cord

Be careful to avoid voltage drop considering local situation.

If not, it can cause a short-circuit fire and may result in bodily injury from electric shock.



Use crimp-style terminal

Danger of short-circuit and electric shock

Fit firmly proper round type crimp-style terminal to electric source cable using crimp tool and connect to motor terminal section.

If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock due to looseness or disconnection.



Protect cable from being pulled

Danger of short-circuit and electric shock

Be sure to fit cable-gland to hole of φ22mm at motor terminal box.
If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock.



WARNING



Protect cable from being pulled

Danger of short-circuit and electric shock

The power-supply conductor shall be free from strain including twisting by using cord anchorage, which is specified by the local electrical wiring regulation. If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock.



Be sure to ground

Danger of electric shock

Connect earth cord to earth terminal in motor terminal box If not, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock



With a thermal protector [Only single-phase motor]

Danger of restart

Be sure to switch off electric source before maintenance or inspection. Single-phase motor has a thermal protector.

Vacuum pump restarts become cool without warning after vacuum pump.



Never evacuate hazardous gas

Danger of explosion and ignition

Do not evacuate gas which is hazardous to humans or explosive, flammable, or corrosive. Do not evacuate with substances containing chemicals, solvents, and powders. If done, it can cause failure or bodily injury by gas, explosion or ignition.



Avoid foreign matter

Danger of entanglement and foreign matter dispersal

Never put finger or foreign matter into air hole of fan cover, air hole of motor or clearance between FS(1) and FS(2) cooling fins.

If done, it can cause bodily injury from entanglement with turning section, or foreign matter dispersal.



Never alter

Danger of electric shock and entanglement

Do not remove or alter safeguards or insulation parts

If done, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock or turning section and it can cause deteriorated performance and operating lifetime, and invalidate guarantee



Change after vacuum pump is stopped

Danger of failure and bodily injury

Change air-flush port only after vacuum pump is stopped.

If you change it during vacuum pump operation, it can cause vacuum pump failure and bodily injury.



Conduct periodical maintenance and inspection

Danger of failure and bodily injury

Conduct periodical maintenance and inspection.

If not, it can cause insufficient performance, failure of vacuum pump, and bodily injury.



Be careful about

high temperature

Danger of burns

Conduct maintenance and inspection only after vacuum pump becomes cool enough.

Maintenance and inspection soon after vacuum pump stops can cause burn



Turn off electric source

Danger of electric shock

Be sure to conduct maintenance and inspection after you turn off electric source.

If not, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock or turning object.



Ask specialist to

Danger of accident, failure and shorter operating lifetime

Ask specialist to perform repairs. Defective repairs can cause accident, failure or shorter operating lifetime.



CAUTION



Use at designated temperature

Danger of overheating

Operate at ambient temperature of 5°C ~40°C

Operating at a temperature range other than that designated can cause accident, failure or bodily injury such as burns due to overheating.



Pay attention to ventilation

Danger of overheating

Install in a well-ventilated area. Poor ventilation can disrupt cooling and cause accident, failure or bodily injury such as burns since this vacuum pump is an air-cooled type.



Avoid dust

Danger of dust

Be sure site is free from dust. Sucking in of dust can cause failure.



Install on a solid, level floor

Danger of unbalance

Be sure to install on solid and level floor (less than 5° inclination).

Uneven installation can cause failure and movement of vacuum pump. If installation floor is unstable, fix pump base with 4- φ 11 holes of pump leg.

0

Avoid direct sunlight

Danger of overheating

Install where equipment is not exposed to direct sunlight.

Vacuum pump exposed to direct sunlight can overheat, resulting in failure.



Check voltage

Motor burnout

Before doing any wiring, check electric source and voltage.

Single-phase is a multi voltage type of AC100V/AC200V. Three-phase is a multi voltage type of AC200V/400V. <u>Voltage</u> can be changed at terminal block. This pump is wired to 200V when shipping from factory. Check your electric source, voltage, and cord correctly to terminal block.

Improper wiring and incorrect voltage can cause motor burnout.



Inspect cause of problem

Danger of problem recurrence and failure

If protective device or thermal protector activates, be sure to turn off electric source and inspect causes to solve the problem.

Do not operate until problem is solved. Operation while problem is left unsolved can cause problem recurrence and failure.



Remove blank flange

Danger of exhaust disruption

Remove blank flange from inlet and outlet. Operation with blank flange being fitted can disrupt air flow or cause blank flange to fly by exhaust impetus, resulting in accident, failure, or bodily injury from contact with flying objects.



Prevent human body from contacting

Danger of human body parts contacting vacuum

At starting up of the vacuum pump and during operation, be careful not to enter human body into the inlet.

You can cause injury to people and damage to equipment.



Prevent foreign matter from entering

Danger of foreign matter entering inlet

When checking turning direction, be careful not to enter foreign matter into an inlet.

Foreign matter entering inlet can cause failure.



Check fan

Danger of overheating

Check that cooling fan is turning and cooling air is flowing.

If not, it can cause accident, failure or bodily injury such as burns due to overheating.



Pay attention to exhaust resistance

Danger of exhaust disruption

When connecting exhaust piping to vacuum pump and when combining piping with another vacuum pump, pay attention to piping size and length so that it does not cause exhaust resistance.

Exhaust resistance can disrupt air flow,

Exhaust resistance can disrupt air flow resulting in failure and over-current.



CAUTION



Open air inlet

Danger of abnormal sound and failure

Open inlet to atmosphere for about 5 seconds before restarting vacuum pump. If not, it can unbalance temperature inside vacuum pump, resulting in failure.



Start or stop after closing isolation valve

Danger of vacuum break and pollution

Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum system (chamber) during start-up and stop. Start-up or stop with isolation valve in the open position can draw back gas and debris attached to inside of pump to vacuum chamber due to pressure differential, resulting in vacuum break and pollution on vacuum chamber side.



Beware temperature of intake gas

Danger of exceeding permissible temperature of intake gas

If intake gas temperature is over 50°C, be sure to install a chiller or trap between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber so that gas intake temperature of vacuum pump keeps below 50°C. If not, vacuum pump temperature can increase, resulting in failure.



Operate while opening air-flush port

Danger of remaining moisture

When evacuating moisture, be sure to open air-flush port (air-flush opened operation).

If you evacuate vapor while air-flush port is closed, condensed water will remain inside vacuum pump and cause failure.



Caution after exhausting vapor

Danger of insufficient vapor exhaust

After evacuating vapor, do air-flush opened operation for at least one hour. If you close air-flush port or stop vacuum pump soon after evacuating vapor, condensed water will remain inside vacuum pump which will cause failure.



Beware of intake gas volume

Danger of exceeding permissible intake gas volume

When sending N_2 gas or dry air into airflush port, pressure should be the same as atmospheric pressure and flow rate should be less than 10L/min. If not, it can increase pressure inside

vacuum pump, resulting in failure.



Caution for frequent start/stop and short interval

Risk of motor malfunction

Refrain from frequent start/stop operation. It induces malfunction of motor such as burn out.

Please consult your distributor or factory representative for details.

Appropriate operating mode with

Appropriate operating mode with adequate interval and frequency of start/stop is varies owing to operating condition.



Disposal

Dispose the pump and removed components safely in accordance with all national/local safety and environmental requirements.

Particular care must be taken with the pump and components that have been contaminated with dangerous substances from the process.



Disposal of the time counter

Never dump the time counter into the fire since the lithium battery is installed. Dispose the time counter according with your national/local safety and environmental requirements.



Disposal of the lithium battery in the time counter

Dispose the lithium battery itself in the time counter according with your national/local safety and environmental requirements.

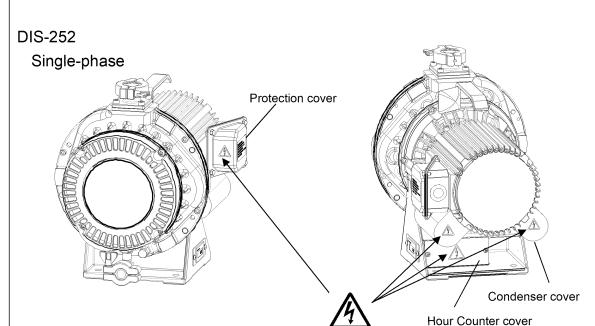
Never dump the lithium battery into the fire

Dispose the battery covering the terminal (+,-) with insulating adhesive taps in order to avoid contact with other metallic materials which might occurs heat generation, explosion and ignition.

Where to attach warning stickers

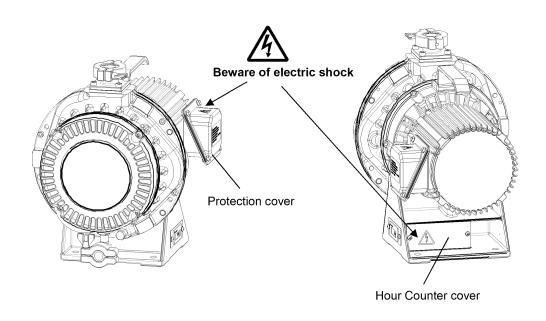
Where to attach warning stickers

Always keep warning stickers clean and legible. If they become dirty or detached, replace them with new ones. If you need replacement stickers, contact our sales branches who sold the vacuum pump to you.



Beware of electric shock

DIS-252 Three-phase



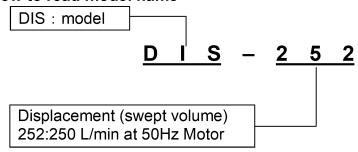
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1. Before use

1.1 Check the product

- Check that the package is right-side-up before opening.
- Check that the model of the product is the same as the one you ordered.
 How to read model name



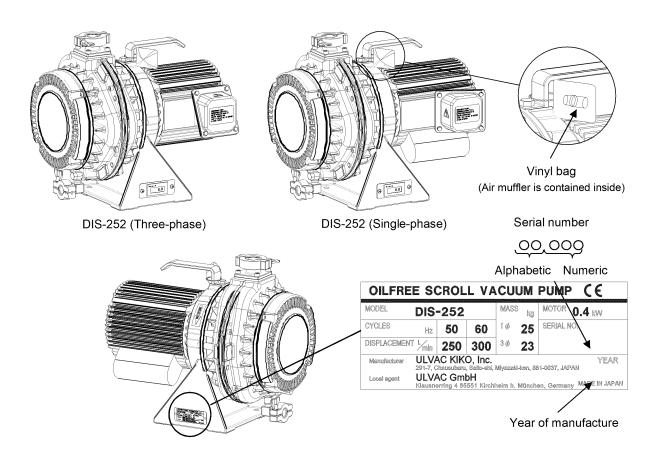
Check that there is no damage.

If there is any damage, contact either our sales branches who sold it to you or local sales offices.

Check the following accessories.

Instruction manual (this one)

Air muffler for air-flushing (which is attached to eyebolt of motor)



*Please prepare electric source cables, crimp-style terminal, electric source protective devices, piping to inlet, and piping from outlet on customer side.

Open package



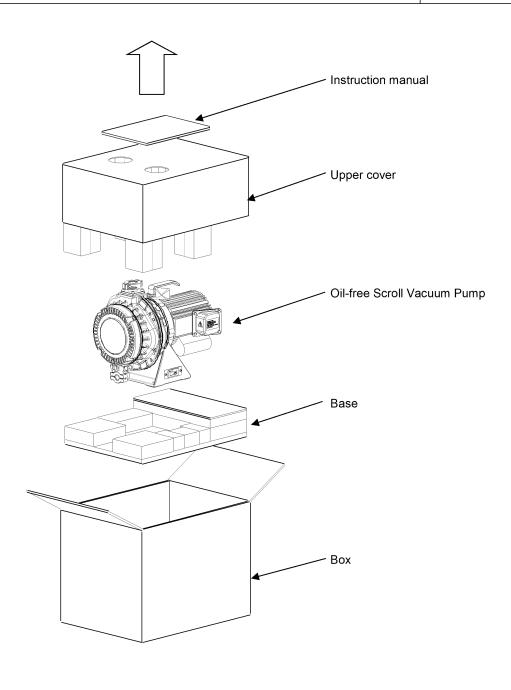
WARNING

Danger of cargo collapse

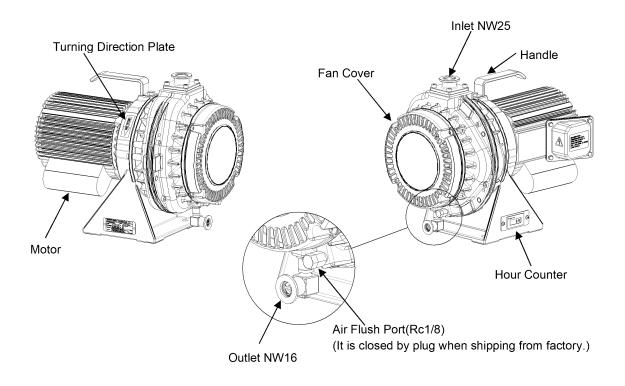
Be careful to install vacuum pump using motor handle (DIS-252 mass 25kgs/1-phase, 23kgs/3-phase) while paying attention to stability of suspended load. If not, it can cause damage, failure or bodily injury from falling cargo due to hoisting failure, or by being caught between suspended cargo and other material.

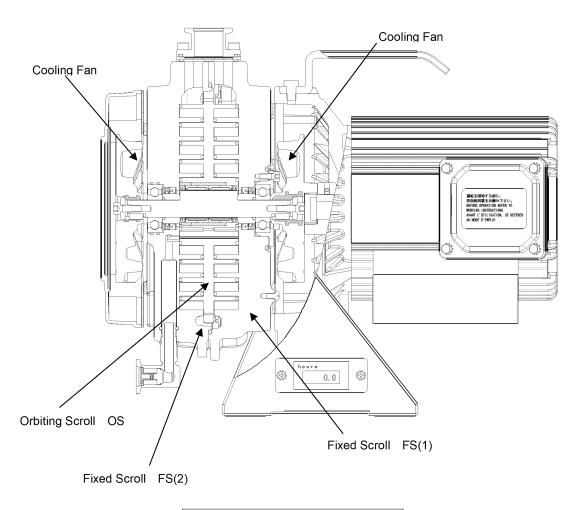


Be careful about lifting



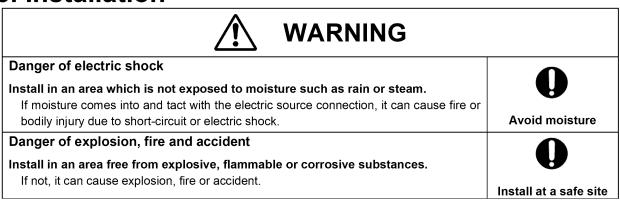
2. Name and structure of each section





Structure of vacuum pump

3. Installation



! CAUTION	
Danger of overheating Operate at ambient temperature of 5°C~40°C. Operating at a temperature range other than that designated can cause accident, failure or bodily injury such as burns due to overheating.	Use at designated temperature
Danger of overheating	temperature
Install in a well-ventilated area (refer to below chart). Poor ventilation can disrupt cooling and cause accident, failure or bodily injury such as burns since this vacuum pump is an air-cooled type. Necessary ventilated air volume DIS-252 Over 4 m³/min	Pay attention to ventilation
Danger of dust Be sure site is free from dust.	0
Sucking in of dust can cause failure.	Avoid dust
Danger of unbalance	Avoid dust
Be sure to install on solid and level floor (less than 5° inclination). Uneven installation can cause failure and movement of vacuum pump. If installation floor is unstable, fix pump base with 4-φ11 holes of pump leg. 4-φ11 holes less than 5° inclination	Install on a solid, level floor
Danger of overheating	
Install where equipment is not exposed to direct sunlight. Vacuum pump exposed to direct sunlight can overheat, resulting in failure.	V
vacuum pump exposed to direct sumignit can overneat, resulting in failure.	Avoid direct sunlight

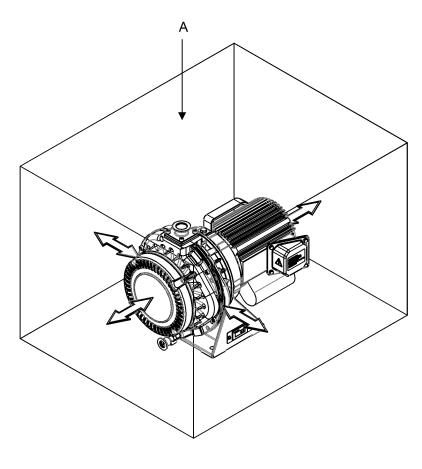
Important

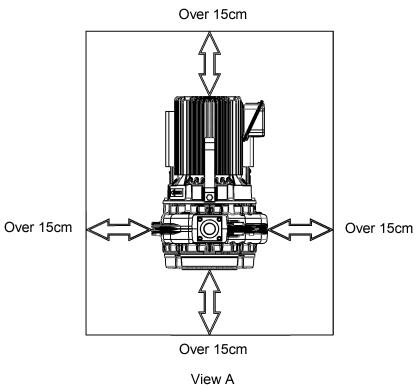
When building vacuum pump into vacuum system, pay attention to space for maintenance, ambient temperature and piping. Be sure to fix vacuum pump on solid and level floor.

If you have any questions, contact our sales branches who sold it to you or local sales offices.

Installation space

Keep the space as below drawing around vacuum pump.





3.1 Wiring

<u> </u>	
Danger of short-circuit and electric shock	
Ask a qualified electrician to perform electrical wiring.	V
If not, short-circuit or electric shock can cause fire or bodily injury.	A 1 1:0: 1
	Ask qualified electrician
Danger of electric shock and entanglement	electrican
Be sure to turn off electric source on building site before wiring.	Ø:\$ -
If not, it can cause electric shock or bodily injury due to turning objects.	
,	Turn off electric
Dengar of accident fire and failure	source
Danger of accident, fire and failure	
Be sure to install protective device to protect circuitry. We recommend	•
overcurrent protective device (rated 15A) to protect branch circuit. If equipment is not stopped in an emergency, it can cause accident, fire or failure.	Install overcurrent
in equipment is not stopped in an emergency, it can cause accident, life or failure.	protective device
Danger of accident, fire or failure	
Be sure to install an electric source emergency stop switch (or protective device	V
that can urgently stop).	Install amarganay
If equipment is not stopped in an emergency, it can cause accident, fire or failure.	Install emergency stop switch
Danger of fire and electric shock	
Install short circuit protective device.	V
If not, it can cause bodily injury due to fire or electric shock.	
	Install short circuit protective device
Danger of electric fire and electric shock (refer to chart 1 on page 15)	protective device
Install motor protective circuit breaker to protect motor.	
If not, bodily injury due to electric fire or electric shock can result.	Install motor
If you have any questions about the selection of protective devices, contact either our sales branches who sold it to you or local sales offices.	protective circuit breaker to protect
sales branches who sold it to you or local sales offices.	motor
Danger of short-circuit and electric shock	
We recommend an electric source cable of more than 2mm² (more than rated	
10A/1-phase, 7A/3-phase) cross section area for electric source cable and earth	•
<u>cord.</u>	Be careful about
Be careful to avoid voltage drop considering local situation.	wiring
If not, it can cause a short-circuit fire and may result in bodily injury from electric shock. Danger of short-circuit and electric shock	
Fit firmly proper round type crimp-style terminal to electric source cable using	
crimp tool and connect to motor terminal section.	
If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock due to looseness	Use crimp-style
or disconnection.	terminal
Danger of short-circuit and electric shock	
Be sure to fit cable-gland to hole of φ 22mm at motor terminal box. If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock.	V
in not, it can cause short-oricult life or bodily injury from electric shock.	Protect cable from
	being pulled
Danger of short-circuit and electric shock	
The power-supply conductor shall be free from strain including twisting by using	V
cord anchorage, which is specified by the local electrical wiring regulation.	Duete - 4 felt - 5
If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock.	Protect cable from

Danger of electric shock Connect earth cord to earth terminal in motor terminal box. If not, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock.

Danger of restart

Be sure to switch off electric source before maintenance or inspection. Single-phase motor has a thermal protector.

Vacuum pump restarts become cool without warning after vacuum pump.



With a thermal protector [Only single-phase motor]

Canadian regulation

Single-phase motor

Thermally protected automatic reset. TYPE TP212. Motor restart without warning after protector trip.

Three-phase motor

Motor not protected. External overheat protection in accordance with Canadian Electric Code Part I [C22.1], must be provided.

Min. circuit ampacity of conductor is

1-phase 10A /3-phase 7A

Max. branch circuit breaker is 15A

When you used this pump in Europe.

This vacuum pump must be equipped with a main disconnect device in accordance with requirements of EN60204-1, clause 5.3.2. It is recommended to use a circuit breaker as main breaker which is suitable for isolation according to EN60947-2 and is equipped with an operating handle which is lockable in OFF position and complies with the other requirements of EN60204-1, clause 5.3.

CAUTION		
Motor burnout		
Before doing any wiring, check electric source and voltage. Single-phase is a multi voltage type of AC100V/AC200V. Three-phase is a multi voltage type of AC200V/AC400V. Voltage can be changed at terminal block. This pump is wired to 200V when shipping from factory. Check your electric source, voltage, and cord correctly to terminal block. Improper wiring and incorrect voltage can cause motor burnout.	Check voltage	
Danger of problem recurrence and failure If protective device or thermal protector activates, be sure to turn off electric source and inspect causes to solve the problem. Do not operate until problem is solved. Operation while problem is left unsolved can cause problem recurrence and failure.	Inspect cause of problem	

This shows single-phase 200V connection

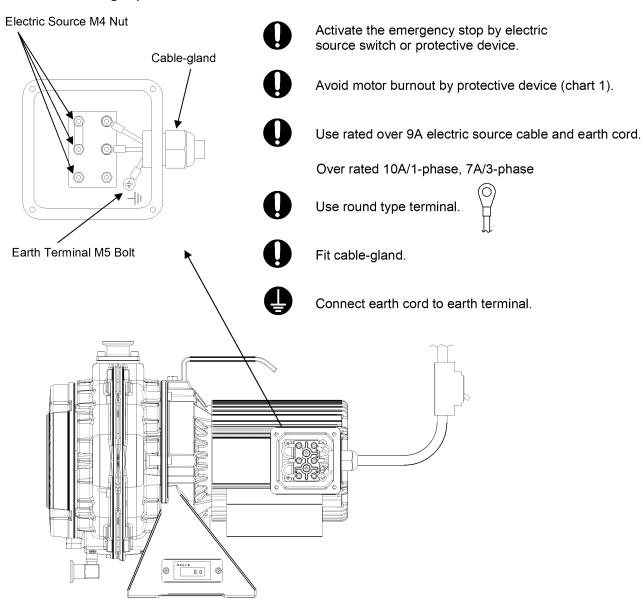
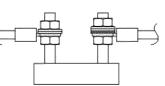


Chart-1

Single-phase specifications		Th	ree-phase sp	ecifications	
Voltage V	Frequency Hz	Recommended protective device (or breaker) capacity A	Voltage V	Frequency Hz	Recommended protective device (or breaker) capacity A
100	50	6.0	200	50	1.8
100	60	6.0	200	60	2.2
115	60	5.4	208	60	2.2
200	50	3.0	230	60	2.2
200	60	3.2	380	50	1.1
230	50	2.7	400	50	1.1
230	60	2.7	415	50	1.2
			460	60	1.2

How to wire

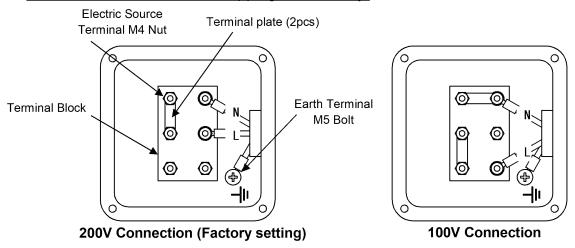
- Remove 4pcs. of M5 bolts at motor terminal box and remove protection cover.
 Be sure to keep M5 bolts and washer, which were removed from the protection cover.
- ② Wiring diagram is shown inside protection cover.
- ③ Please tighten a terminal plate and a cable with the nut of the top and bottom from the terminal surface at about 5mm positions like a figure.



Single-phase specifications

You can change to a 100V or 200V connection by changing terminal plate (2pcs.).

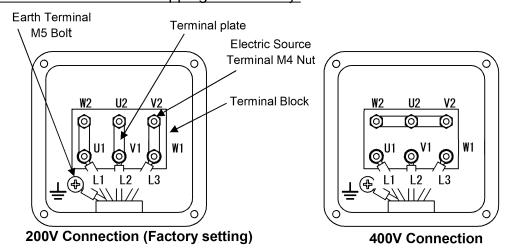
XIt is wired to 200V when shipping from factory.



Three-phase specifications

You can change to a 200V or 400V connection by changing terminal plate (3pcs.).

XIt is wired to 200V when shipping from factory.



- 4 If you want to change to a 100V or 400V connection, remove M4 nut of electric source terminal and change terminal plate as illustrated below.
- ⑤ Connect electric source cable to terminal by using cable-gland at φ22mm hole of motor terminal box.
- 6 Insert electric source cable through cable-gland on the bottom side of terminal box.
- 7 Connect each phase to each electric source terminal respectively in accordance with the below wiring diagram.

Terminal screw nuts should be torqued between 1.2 N · m and 1.5N · m.

Single-phase specifications : L-N to V1-W1 (200V connection)

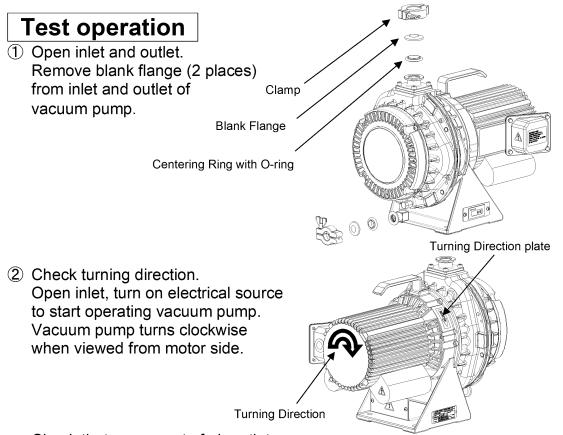
: L-N to U1-W1 (100V connection)

Three-phase specifications : L1-L2-L3 to U1-V1-W1

(8) The protective earth cord shall be suffice in length and put up to keep the cord the last to take the strain if the cable slips in its anchorage.

3.2 Test operation

CAUTION			
Danger of exhaust disruption	•		
Remove blank flange from inlet and outlet.	V		
Operation with blank flange being fitted can disrupt exhaust or cause blank flange to fly by exhaust impetus, resulting in accident, failure, or bodily injury from contact with flying objects.	Remove blank flange		
Danger of human body parts contacting vacuum			
At starting up of the vacuum pump and during operation, be careful not to enter human body into the inlet.	V		
You can cause injury to people and damage to equipment.	Prevent human body from contacting		
Danger of foreign matter entering inlet			
When checking turning direction, be careful not to enter foreign matter into an inlet.	O O		
Foreign matter entering inlet can cause failure.	Prevent foreign matter from entering		
Danger of overheating			
Check that cooling fan is turning and cooling air is flowing.	V		
If not, it can cause accident, failure or bodily injury such as burns due to overheating.	Check fan		



Check that comes out of air outlet.

If air does not come out from outlet, vacuum pump of three-phase motor may turn in reverse.

In that case, stop vacuum pump, turn off main electrical source and change 2 out of 3 cords of electric source connection and change turning direction to correct one.

If you fit pump to vacuum system and control operation of vacuum pump by remove control, **first check pump itself for turning direction** and then fit it to vacuum system.

Important

Vacuum pump turns clockwise when viewed from motor side.

Check that air comes out from outlet.

If pump turns counter-clockwise, stop vacuum pump, turn off electrical source and change 2 out of 3 cords of electrical source connection.

3.3 Connection to vacuum system (chamber)

Inlet is NW25 and outlet is NW16.



Danger of exhaust disruption

When connecting exhaust piping to vacuum pump and when combining piping with another vacuum pump, pay attention to piping size and length so that it does not cause exhaust resistance.



Pay attention to exhaust resistance

Exhaust resistance can disrupt air flow, resulting in failure and over-current.

Important

Use isolation valve between vacuum system and inlet.

Isolation valve is necessary to prevent the drawback of debris attached to the inside of vacuum pump into the vacuum chamber during start-up and shut-down. (We recommend the use of leak valve also). We recommend the use of an **automatic valve** as the isolation valve which closes during power failure in order to prevent the drawback of debris inside pump into the vacuum chamber during power failure.

Use an appropriate and clean connecting pipe between vacuum chamber and vacuum pump.

Use the clean connecting pipe between vacuum chamber and vacuum pump.

We recommend the use of a flexible tube between the inlet of vacuum pump and vacuum chamber so that vibration of the vacuum pump can be isolate.

When connecting exhaust piping to the outlet of vacuum pump, refer to the following instructions.

Never exceed **5-meter** in length in straight line when extending exhaust pipe. The pipe size should be no smaller than **NW16** (inner dia.16)

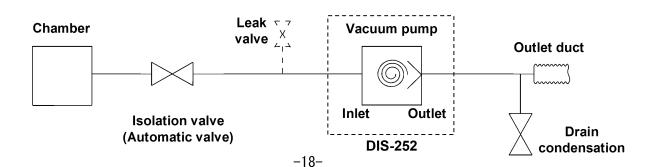
When longer extension of exhaust piping is required, adopt larger exhaust pipe size.

Make sure that exhaust piping is not clogged during pump operation.

Make sure that pressure at outlet does not exceed atmospheric pressure at any conditions.

In order to keep condensation away from feeding into the exhaust port, take proper measure.

It causes exhaust disturbance. Drain condensations periodically by using valve separately arranged.



4. Operation

Be sure to use the procedure below to start up or shut down the pump.

- When you do not use air-flush device,
 proceed 4.1 Air-flush closed operation [page 21].
- When you use air-flush device, proceed 4.2 Air-flush opened operation [page 22].

proceed 4.2 Air-flush opened operation [page 22].			
MARNING			
Danger of explosion and ignition			
Do not evacuate gas which is hazardous to humans or explosive, flammable, or corrosive. Do not evacuate with substances containing chemicals, solvents, and powders. If done, it can cause failure or bodily injury by gas, explosion or ignition. Do not pump	0		
	O O		
·Toxic gas ·Explosive gas ·Flammable gas ·Corrosive gas ·Chemicals ·Solvent ·Water ·Powder ·Liquid	Never evacuate hazardous gas		
*When evacuating vapor, operate in accordance with 4.2 [page 22].			
Danger of entanglement and foreign matter dispersal			
Never put finger or foreign matter into air hole of fan cover, air hole of motor or clearance between FS(1) and FS(2) cooling fins. If done, it can cause bodily injury from entanglement with turning section, or foreign matter dispersal. Finger, foreign matter Clearance between FS(1) and FS(2) Finger, foreign matter cooling fins Air hole of fan cover Clearance between FS(1) and FS(2) Finger, foreign matter Clearance between FS(1) and FS(2) Finger, foreign matter cooling fins	Avoid foreign matter		
Danger of electric shock and entanglement	\bigcirc		
Do not remove or alter safeguards or insulation parts. If done, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock or turning section and it can cause deteriorated performance and operating lifetime, and invalidate guarantee.	Never alter		
Danger of failure and bodily injury			
Change air-flush port only after vacuum pump is stopped. If you change it during vacuum pump operation, it can cause vacuum pump failure and bodily injury.	Change after vacuum pump is stopped		

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<u> </u>	
Danger of exhaust disruption	
Remove blank flange from inlet and outlet.	• •
Operation with blank flange being fitted can disrupt exhaust or cause blank flange to fly by exhaust impetus, resulting in accident, failure, or bodily injury from contact with flying objects.	Remove blank flange
Danger of vacuum break and pollution	
Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum system (chamber) during start-up and stop. Start-up or stop with isolation valve in the open position can draw back gas and debris attached to inside of vacuum pump to vacuum chamber due to pressure differential,	Start or stop after closing isolation valve
resulting in vacuum break and pollution on vacuum chamber side. Danger of abnormal sound and failure	vaive
Open inlet to atmosphere for about 5 seconds before restarting vacuum pump. If not, it can unbalance temperature inside vacuum pump, resulting in failure.	Open air inlet
Danger of exceeding permissible temperature of intake gas	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
If intake gas temperature is over 50°C, be sure to install a chiller or trap between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber so that gas intake temperature of vacuum pump keeps below 50°C. If not, vacuum pump temperature can increase, resulting in failure.	Beware temperature of intake gas
Danger of remaining moisture	nitako gao
When evacuating moisture, be sure to open air-flush port (air-flus opened operation).	V
If you evacuate vapor while air-flush port is closed, condensed water will remain inside vacuum pump and cause failure.	Operate while opening air-flush port
Danger of insufficient vapor exhaust	
After evacuating vapor, do air-flush opened operation for at least one hour. If you close air-flush port or stop vacuum pump soon after evacuating vapor, condensed moisture will remain inside vacuum pump, which will cause failure.	Caution after exhausting vapor
Danger of exceeding permissible intake gas volume	
When sending N ₂ gas or dry air into air-flush port, pressure should be the same	•
as atmospheric pressure and flow rate should be less than 10L/min. If not, it can increase pressure inside vacuum pump, resulting in failure.	Beware of intake gas volume
Risk of motor malfunction	
Refrain from frequent start/stop operation. It induces malfunction of motor such as burn out. Please consult your distributor or factory representative for details. Appropriate operating mode with adequate interval and frequency of start/stop is varies owing to operating condition.	Caution for frequent start/stop and short interval
Danger of human body parts contacting vacuum	
At starting up of the vacuum pump and during operation, be careful not to enter human body into the inlet. You can cause injury to people and damage to equipment.	Prevent human body from
	contacting

Important

If it takes time to reach ultimate pressure of pump during initial operation (also operation after pump has not been used for a long time),

Close inlet, and continue operation for 6~8 hours while opening inlet for 3~5 seconds to atmosphere 2~3 times per hour. During pump stoppage, moisture might have entered inside of pump and deteriorated performance to reach ultimate pressure.

If pump has evacuated liquid such as water or high humid air (over 60%RH),

Moisture can deposit inside pump and cause pump failure. In that case, close isolation valve, and open inlet to atmosphere for 3~5 seconds several times and exhaust moisture inside pump to outside.

If pump has continued operation around ultimate pressure or continuously evacuated high humid gas

Moisture can be condensed and remains inside pump, causing insufficient ultimate pressure and failure. In that case, do air-flush operation in accordance with 4.2 [page 22].

4.1 Air-flush closed operation

4.1.1 Start-up

- ① Check that blank flange of outlet is removed.
- ② Close isolation valve in order to prevent the drawback of debris attached to the inside of vacuum pump into vacuum chamber due to pressure differential, resulting in vacuum break and pollution.
 (Open leak valve if you use leak valve).
- ③ Turn on vacuum pump.

 Please install an external power switch or protective device (breaker) before letting vacuum pump operate.
- ④ Check start-up of vacuum pump and open isolation valve (close leak valve soon after start-up if you use leak valve) and evacuate vacuum chamber.

Important

When continuously operating pump at around ultimate pressure (for example, using as fore line pump of turbo molecular pump),

It can cause foreign matter or moisture to deposit inside pump, resulting in failure.

In that case, do air-flush opened operation or close isolation valve and open inlet to atmosphere for 3~5 seconds, 3~5 times daily.

Be careful not to damage air-flush port (especially air-muffler section).

If not, it can cause failure.

When doing air-flush opened operation,

Noise level will increase (by 7~8dB).

Install pump in an area which is not exposed to debris such as iron powder, stone powder, polish powder or wood dust.

Debris can clog air-muffler, undercutting air-flush effect.

4.1.2 Shut-down

- ① Be sure to close isolation valve in order to prevent the drawback of debris attached to inside of vacuum pump into vacuum chamber during operation due to pressure differential (open leak valve if you use leak valve).
- 2 Turn off vacuum pump. Please install an external power switch or protective device (breaker) before letting vacuum pump operate.
- 3 Check shut-down of vacuum pump.

Important

Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber during pump shut-down.

If vacuum pump stops during air-flush opened operation, atmospheric air is drawn back from air-flush port to inside of vacuum pump, and vacuum on chamber side cannot be maintained. Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber to prevent the drawback of debris from vacuum pump into vacuum chamber before stopping vacuum pump.

When returning air-flush opened operation to air-flush closed operation, operate as per 4.2.3[page 24].

4.2 Air-flush opened operation

This pump is equipped with air-flush port. Before evacuating vapor, read precautions below completely and be sure to understand the contents.

Purpose of air-flush

Evacuating moisture or humid gas by vacuum pump can cause condensed water to remain in pump. This remaining water can cause failure of ultimate pressure or pump. Air-flush opened operation is necessary to exhaust the remaining water inside. Air-flush opened operation does not only exhaust moisture but also restores ultimate pressure.

※Vapor disposal volume is max. 25g/day when doing air-flush operation
(ambient temperature 25°C, humidity 60%RH).

Important

Maintenance interval of this pump is based on clean gas applications The standard differs when evacuating vapor.

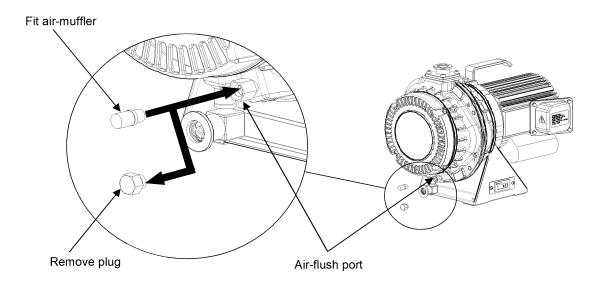
You must shorten maintenance interval (5.2[page 26]) when evacuating vapor since vapor temperature, disposal volume, disposal frequency and substances in vapor have an influence on pump operation. When evacuating vapor, pay attention to all WARNING, CAUTION and Important notes (4 [page 19~21]).

4.2.1 Preparation

Before starting air-flush operation, first stop vacuum pump and proceed in accordance with the following procedure. Never try to do air-flush operation during operation.

Fit air-muffler

- 1 Stop vacuum pump.
- 2 Remove plug from air-flush port with a spanner (nominal dia. 13mm).
- 3 Lightly fit the attached air-muffler to air-flush port.
- XStore the removed plug and do not misplace it.



4.2.2 Start-up and shut-down

- ① Start vacuum pump according to 4.1.1 Operation [page 21].
- ② Stop vacuum pump according to 4.1.2 Shut-down[page 22].

Important

Continuous evacuating of humid gas

When evacuating vacuum chamber while humidity in chamber is high, moisture volume drawn into pump differs according to temperature and pressure in chamber.

When pumping vacuum chamber containing humid gas, be sure to open air-flush port and operate pump (air-flush opened operation).

Be careful not to damage air-flush port (especially air-muffler section).

Damage to air-flush port can cause failure.

When doing air-flush opened operation

Noise level will increase (by 7~8dB).

Install pump in an area which is not exposed to debris such as iron powder, stone powder, polish powder or wood dust.

Debris can clog air-muffler, undercutting air-flush effect.

Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber during pump shut-down.

If vacuum pump stops during air-flush opened operation, atmospheric air is drawn back from air-flush port to inside of vacuum pump, and vacuum on chamber side cannot be maintained. Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber to prevent the drawback of debris from vacuum pump into vacuum chamber before stopping vacuum pump.

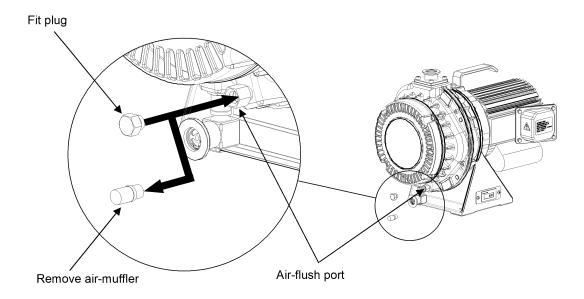
When operating with air-flush OFF (closed), operate as per 4.2.3[page 24].

4.2.3 When returning to air-flush closed operation

Before starting air-flush operation, first stop vacuum pump and proceed in accordance with the following procedure. Never perform this procedure during operation.

Remove air-muffler

- 1 Stop vacuum pump.
- 2 Remove air muffler from air-flush port.
- 3 Lightly fit plug to air-flush port with a spanner (nominal dia. 13mm).
- *When restarting air-flush operation, refer to 4.2.1~4.2.2[page 23] and prepare and start.
- **Store removed air muffler and pay attention not to misplace it.



5. Maintenance and inspection

<u> </u>	
Danger of failure and bodily injury	0
Conduct periodical maintenance and inspection.	
If not, it can cause insufficient performance, failure of vacuum pump, and bodily injury.	Conduct periodical
	maintenance and inspection
Danger of burns	A
Conduct maintenance and inspection only after vacuum pump becomes cool enough.	Zal.
Maintenance and inspection soon after vacuum pump stops can cause burn injury.	Be careful about
	high temperature
Danger of restart	
Be sure to switch off electric source before maintenance or inspection.	U
Single-phase motor has a thermal protector.	With a thermal
Vacuum pump restarts become cool without warning after vacuum pump.	protector
	[Only single-phase
	motor]
Danger of electric shock	
Be sure to conduct maintenance and inspection after you turn off electric source.	0:\$ `
If not, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock or turning object.	
	Turn off electric source
Danger of accident, failure and shorter operating lifetime	Source
Ask specialist to perform repairs. Defective repairs can cause accident, failure or shorter operating lifetime.	
Defective repairs can cause accident, failure of shorter operating metime.	Ask specialist to
	perform repairs

5.1 Daily maintenance and inspection

Conduct daily the following maintenance and inspection procedures.

Items	Contents	Measures				
Vacuum pump itself	Abnormal sound	Ask specialist to repair.				
	Abnormal vibration	Ask specialist to repair.				
	Abnormal temperature	Ask specialist to repair.				
	Cooling fins are dirty or clogged	Blowing air, cleaning				
Cooling fan Fan cover	Abnormal rotation	Ask specialist to repair.				
	Dirty, clogged, damaged	Blowing air, cleaning, ask specialist to repair.				
Air muffler	Dirty, clogged	Replace				
Exhaust valve	Dirty, clogged	Blowing air, cleaning				
Electric source cable	Deteriorated	Replace				

5.2 Maintenance

When maintenance interval has elapsed, be sure to contact our distributor who sold it to you. This vacuum pump requires maintenance conducted only by our authorized specialist. Never try to disassemble, reassemble or alter on user's side. We are not responsible for any accidents caused by disassembly, reassembly or alteration which was done by the user or non-specialist.

The following parts are consumable and need to be replaced periodically. Whenever something goes wrong with them, replace them immediately.

					
	Maintenan	Every 400 times			
Where to inspect	Yearly or every 8,000 hours	Biennially or every 16,000 hours	vapor pumping		
Bearing kit	Grease / △	0	Δ		
Tip seal set	Δ	0	Δ		
Seal set	Δ	0	Δ		
O-ring set	Δ	0	Δ		
Exhaust valve set	Δ	0	Δ		
Air-flush kit	Δ	0	0		
Pin crank kit	Δ	Δ	Δ		
Vacuum pump itself	Inside cleaning / △	Inside cleaning / △	Inside cleaning / △		

O···Replace

△ • • • Replace if something goes wrong.

Note 1: Maintenance interval should be shorter than either the period or operating hours.

Note 2: When you want further maintenance and inspection after either the 6th year or 48,000 operating hours, please contact our distributor who sold it to you.

Important

Causes of failure

Shorten maintenance interval if conditions of installation or operation are unfavorable.

In particular, ambient temperature has a great influence on failure. Maintenance interval is based on an ambient temperature 5~40°C and a yearly average ambient temperature 25°C.

Shorten the maintenance interval if temperature exceeds the foregoing. If not, it can cause failure.

Maintenance interval is not a guarantee period.

Exceeding maintenance interval

Operation exceeding maintenance interval increases risk of failure and accidents.

When maintenance interval has elapsed, be sure to contact either our sales branches who sold it to you or local sales.

6. Problems and remedies

If something goes wrong, refer to the following chart and remedy problems. If you cannot solve your problems, please contact either our sales branches who sold

it to you or local sales.

Problems	Causes	Remedies					
	Protective device (or breaker)	Check protective device (or breaker)					
	activates.	capacity.					
Motor does not rotate.							
	Electric source cable is loose	Check connection.					
	or cut.	Repair or replace.					
	Voltage drops.	Check size and length of cable.					
	Motor malfunctions.						
	Pump malfunctions.	inspect and repair. in it is in it.					
	Foreign matter enters.	· ·					
	Motor protection gear	Air outlet is clogged.					
	activates.	Reset thermal protector.					
		XInspect and repair.					
	Protective device (or breaker)	Check protective device (or breaker)					
	activates.	capacity.					
	Voltage drops.	Check size and length of cable.					
	Motor malfunctions.						
	Pump malfunctions.	Inspect and repair. Inspect and repair. Inspect and repair. Inspect and repair. I					
	Foreign matter enters.	Antiopost and ropain.					
Motor stops soon.	Improper exhaust piping.	Check exhaust piping diameter and					
•	m.p.cpc. c.maaccp.pmg.	length.					
		Air outlet is clogged.					
		Remove blank flange from exhaust					
		outlet.					
	Motor protection gear	Air outlet is clogged.					
	activates.	Reset thermal protector.					
	Air leaks from piping.	Check tightness of piping.					
	O-ring is damaged.	Replace.					
	Moisture and solvent are	Open inlet to atmosphere and operate					
	drawn.	for a few minutes and then close inlet					
Ultimate pressure is		and operate for about 24 hours.					
insufficient.		Do air-flush opened operation.					
		Install trap and filter.					
	Number of motor revolutions	Check wiring and voltage.					
	drops.						
	Pump malfunctions.						
	Connection becomes loose.	Tighten connection.					
		※Inspect and repair.					
	The installation is not level.	Correct vacuum pump inclination within					
Abnormal sound,		5°.					
abnormal vibration		Inspect and repair.					
	Foreign matter enters pump.	※Inspect and repair.					
	Motor malfunctions.	%Inspect and repair.					
	Pump malfunctions.	<u> </u>					
	Fullip manunctions.	※Inspect and repair.					

X Contact our distributor who sold it to you.

7. Disposal

When a vacuum pump is disposed, please comply with local law and/or regulations such as the Waste Disposal Law.

8. Specifications

8.1 Specifications

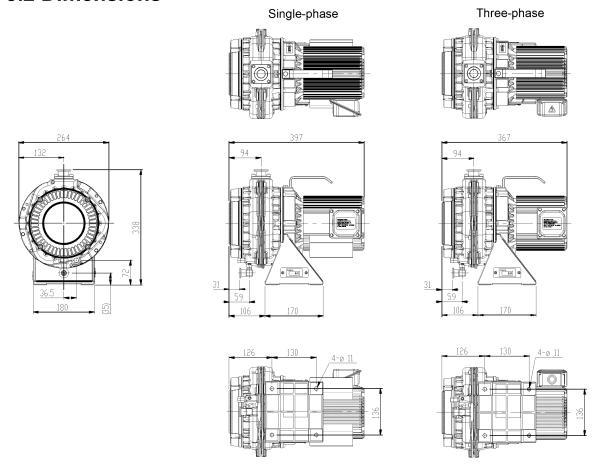
Model		DIS-252											
Displacement L/min		50Hz	250										
		60Hz		300									
Ultir	mate pressure Pa	3						≦1.6					
Leak tightness Pa • m³/s		≦1.0x10 ⁻⁷											
Мах	. inlet pressure					,	Atmosp	heric p	ressur	·e			
Amb	ient operating tem	perature °C	5~40										
Туре			Single-phase induction motor Totally-Enclosed No Ventilated, 4-pole, Insulation Class B, IP44 Capacitor start, run, Thermal Protector TP212, Automatic reset type				Three-phase induction motor, Totally-Enclosed No Ventilated, 4-pole, Insulation Class B, IP44						
_	Output kW							0.4					
Motor	Voltage V		100	115	200	230	200	208	230	380	400	415	460
	Rated current	50Hz	4.8	_	2.6	2.4	1.6	_	_	0.9	0.9	1.0	_
	A	60Hz	4.8	4.3	2.8	2.4	1.9	1.9	1.8	_	_	_	1.0
	Revolution	50Hz	1440	_	1430	1450	1420	_	_	1440	1440	1440	_
	min ⁻¹ {rpm}	60Hz	1710	1740	1700	1730	1660	1660	1690	_	_	_	1720
Noise	e emission value	1m	≦58 (With air-flush ON:≦66)										
Sound	pressure level dB(A)	Surface	58 (Uncertainty:3)										
Inle	t connection		NW25										
Out	let connection		NW16										
Direction of inlet		Vertical											
Dimensions mm L×W×H		397×264×338 367×264×338											
Mass kg		25 23											
Cooling system		Air-cooled											
Others		With hour counter and air-flush											

- Note 1: Pumping speed and ultimate pressure should remain the same whether air-flush system is used or not.
- Note 2: Maximum voltage allowance is + or 10% from motor rating.
- Note 3: Noise emission value is measured at ultimate pressure.
- Note 4: Noise emission value (1m) is measured at 1m from the product surface in an anechoic room.
- Note 5: Noise emission value (Surface) determined according to noise test code given in ISO 3744 and according described to ISO 4871. The sum of a measured noise emission value and its associated uncertainty represents an upper boundary of the range of values which is likely to occur in measurements.
- Note 6: Leak tightness is measured while the product is stopped and air flush is shut off (closed).
- Note 7: Vapor handling volume is no more than 25g/day (at 25°C 60%RH) with air-flush operation. Air-flush flow rate is 10L/min.
- Note 8: This product is wired for 200V at the factory.
- Note 9 : This three-phase motor is not equipped with motor protection device.

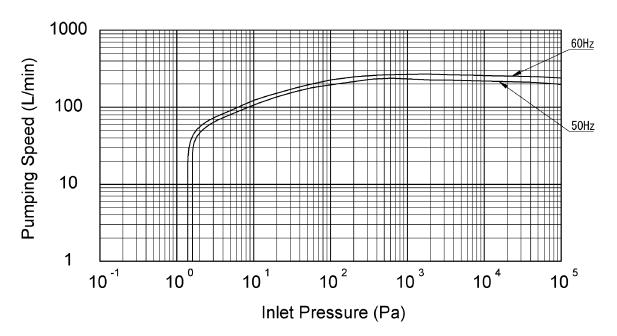
 Install branch circuit protection device for safety. Consult to qualified electrician for details.
- Note 10: This product is designed for indoor use. Install the product away from moistures or excessive humidity.
- Note 11 : All data shown in this literature were measured based on our test standard and specific conditions.

 Actual measurements are subject to change of conditions of use.
- Note 12: The specification might change without a previous notice for the quality improvement.

8.2 Dimensions



8.3 Performance data



9. Warranty and After-sales service

9.1 Warranty

The warranty period of the scroll dry vacuum pump shall be one year from the date of delivery to a place designated by the customer or 8,000-hour operation whichever comes faster. ULVAC KIKO warrants that any part of the product excluding the consumables that proves to be defective within the warranty period even though the scroll dry vacuum pump is properly operated according to this instruction manual will be repaired or replaced, free of charge.

However, this warranty shall not cover any of the following malfunctions.

- ① Problem caused by not following to "For safe operation" in the operation manual.
- ② Malfunction or damage caused by operation or repairing other than the descriptions in the operation manual.
- 3Malfunction or damage caused by any other product than the scroll dry vacuum pump.
- (4) Malfunction or damage caused by disassembling, remodeling or repairing the scroll dry vacuum pump by an unauthorized person.
- (5) Malfunction or damage caused by disasters.
- 6 Replacement of consumables.

This warranty shall be limited to the scroll dry vacuum pump. Therefore, any damage to the other products caused by a malfunction of this vacuum pump shall not be covered by the warranty. This warranty is valid only in Japan.

9.2 After-sales and service

Periodical inspection is recommended to use the scroll dry vacuum pump safely and efficiently. After the warranty period (one year or 8,000-hour operation), any inspection or the scroll dry vacuum pump requires a charge. In addition, malfunctions specified in the above preconditions require a charge for repair or trouble shooting even if the warranty period is not expired. When requesting repair, make a copy of the operating conditions check sheet on the next page and complete it. Then attach the complete sheet to the vacuum pump and send it to the service representative. However, please note that ULVAC KIKO cannot repair or inspect the vacuum pump if any gas prohibited in this manual or any gas that gives an adverse effect to the service person was sucked in the vacuum pump. The scroll dry vacuum pump is accurately and strictly manufactured. Contact the sales or service representative if the vacuum pump does not operate normally. Never attempt to repair it by yourself.

For any trouble of the system in which the scroll dry vacuum pump is installed, contact the manufacturer of the system for repair.

Usage Checklist

- *Fill out the items inside the frame in bold below and attach it with your request to allow the technical team manage the disassembly safely.
- *The repair and inspection request may be refused if this form is not filled out and attached.
- *Ulvac shall follow all privacy laws when handling all personal information that is provided. Ulvac shall only use said information for determining the cause of the failure or malfunction and for detoxifying and cleaning.

 Ulvac shall not provide any personal information to a third party.

Model: Manufacturing No.:	Manufacturing No.:								
1. Suction gas: (*Required)	_								
(1) Hazardous for people? Yes / No									
(2) Abnormal odor? Yes / No									
(3) Gas type and description:									
*Depending on the material or substance, those that must be reported are specified in the Industrial Safety and Health Act.									
2. Usage conditions: Operation frequency: Approx. hours per day for yrs. and months									
☐ Continuous operation ☐ Intermittent operation									
Usage:									
3. Failure or malfunction status: \Box Abnormal noise \Box Abnormal pressure \Box Abnormal operation \Box Oil leak	:								
Other conditions:									
4. Request description: \square Repair (Overhaul) \square Regular inspection \square Initial claim (under warranty)									
5. Other:									
 6. Container: * After checking the status of the container upon receipt, the container may be disposed of. If it is disposed of, we will ship the completed repair in a sturdy container that can protect the product during transport. Please note that a shipment container charge may apply. 7. Special note: If we receive a request to stop the repair after issuing a quotation, please note that administration fee for the quotation applies on some models. Check the Ulvac website to confirm which models apply. Please note that we disassemble the returned product for all work requests. If we receive a request to stop the repair and return the product after it has been disassembled, we tentatively re-assemble the product and send it back. But please note that we do not guarantee its operation. (http://www.ulvac-kiko.com/) 									
Customer/Company (User) Representative:									
Address:									
Telephone: Fax:									
E-mail:									
Agent/Dealer: Representative:									
Telephone: Fax:									
*Please make sure to fill out the name of the agent/dealer when there is no direct business exchange with Ulvac.									
8. Verification I declare that the information written in this document is true and accurate.									
Dept./Organization: (Signature) Date: (YYYY/MM/DD)									

^{*}To avoid problems during transport, drain the oil in the oil pump before sending.

^{*}You are requested to ship the package to our Service Division.(See the attached list of addresses.)

Sales, service agency, contact information <ULVAC, Inc. Components Division>

[Domestic Sales]

East Japan Sales Dept.

1-10-4, Kitashinyokohama, Kohoku-ku, Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa Prf. Japan

TEL (81) 45-533-0203 FAX (81) 45-533-0204

West Japan Sales Dept.

(Uemura Nissai Building 5F) 3-3-31 Miyahara, Yodogawa-ku, Osaka-shi,

Osaka-fu Japan

TEL(81) 6-6350-2166 FAX(81) 6-6350-2169

[Overseas Sales]

Components Business Planning Dept.

2500 Hagisono, Chigasaki, Kanagawa 253-8543, Japan

TEL:(81) 467-89-2261 FAX: (81) 467-68-4213

<Service Office>

[Domestic Repair Center]

Yokohama Branch

1-10-4, Kitashinyokohama, Kohoku-ku, Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa Prf. Japan

TEL(81)45-533-0509 FAX(81)45-533-0512

[Overseas Repair Center]

ULVAC GmbH

Klausnerring 4 85551 Kirchheim b. München, Germany

TEL(49)89-96-0909-0 FAX(49)89-96-0909-96

ULVAC KIKO, Inc.

www.ulvac-kiko.com/en/

HEAD OFFICE/ Miyazaki Plant

291-7 Chausubaru, Saito-shi, Miyazaki Prf. Japan

TEL: (81) 983-42-1411

FAX: (81) 983-42-1422