





CA72161368

# Instruction Manual (Original Instructions)

Oil-free Scroll Vacuum Pump

**DISL-102** 

This instruction manual includes very important warnings, cautions and operating procedure in order to operate this pump safely and efficiently.

Be sure to read this instruction manual thoroughly and fully understand before operation

After reading it, store it in a convenient place for immediate and future reading.

\*Before use, be sure to fill in the blank spaces below for future repair and after-service.

Serial No.
Who sold it to you
Purchase date
When you began operation

## Important information

Be sure to read this instruction manual to understand how to operate equipment correctly. Only operators, who fully understand warnings, cautions and instructions, are to operate the equipment. Improper operation (mishandling) can cause serious bodily injury, death, fire or explosion.



Store this manual in a convenient place for immediate and future reference.

## ◆Regarding safety

- The safety instructions given in this manual are the minimum operating requirements.
   Follow all national or municipal laws and regulations pertaining to fire, electricity, and other safety regulations, as well as corporate regulations.
- Pay special attention to items which are shown by the below marks and symbols.
- Symbols and marks have the following meanings.

## Examples of marks

$\triangle$	WARNING	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in serious injury or loss of life.
Ŵ	CAUTION	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or property damage.

## Examples of symbols

	Indicates [Beware]. We will explain briefly in or near the symbol. (The example on the left is [Beware of electric shock]).
	Indicates [Prohibited action]. We will explain briefly in or near the symbol. (The example on the left is [Do not touch]).
•	Indicates [Required action]. We will explain briefly in or near the symbol. (The example on the left is [Be sure to ground]).

<sup>\*</sup> We shall not be responsible for any injury or damage caused by disregard of warnings, cautions or instructions.

## Supplementary notes

## For safe operation

Below is very important information about how to safely operate the equipment. Before operation, be sure to read and fully understand the contents.



## **WARNING**



## Be careful about lifting

### Danger of cargo collapse

Be careful to install vacuum pump using motor handle (DISL-102 mass 17kgs) while paying attention to stability of suspended load.

If not, it can cause damage, failure or bodily injury from falling cargo due to hoisting failure, or by being caught between suspended cargo and other material.



### Avoid moisture

### Danger of electric shock

Install in an area which is not exposed to moisture such as rain or steam. If moisture comes into and tact with the electric source connection, it can cause fire or bodily injury due to short-circuit or electric shock.



### Install at a safe site

## Danger of explosion, fire and accident

Install in an area free from explosive, flammable or corrosive substances. If not, it can cause explosion, fire or accident.



## Ask qualified electrician

## Danger of short-circuit and electric shock

Ask a qualified electrician to perform electric wiring.

If not, short-circuit or electric shock can cause fire or bodily injury.



### Turn off electric source

### Danger of electric shock and entanglement

Be sure to turn off electric source on building site before wiring. If not, it can cause electric shock or bodily injury due to turning objects.



## overcurrent protective device

### Danger of accident, fire and failure

Be sure to install protective device to protect circuitry. We recommend overcurrent protective device (rated 15A) to protect branch circuit. If equipment is not stopped in an emergency, it can cause accident, fire or



## Install emergency stop switch

### Danger of accident, fire or failure

Be sure to install an electric source emergency stop switch (or protective device that can urgently stop). If equipment is not stopped in an emergency, it can cause accident, fire or



## Install short circuit protective device

### Danger of fire and electric shock

Install short circuit protective device. If not, it can cause bodily injury due to fire or electric shock



## Install motor protective circuit breaker to protect motor

## Danger of electric fire and electric shock

Install motor protective circuit breaker to protect motor

If not, bodily injury due to electric fire or electric shock can result.

If you have any questions about the selection of protective devices, contact either our sales branches who sold it to you or local sales offices.



## Be careful about wiring

## Danger of short-circuit and electric shock

We recommend an electric source cable of more than 2mm<sup>2</sup> (more than rated 10A) cross section area for electric source cable and earth cord.

Be careful to avoid voltage drop considering local situation.

If not, it can cause a short-circuit fire and may result in bodily injury from electric



## Use crimp-style terminal

## Danger of short-circuit and electric shock

Fit firmly proper round type crimp-style terminal to electric source cable using crimp tool and connect to motor terminal section.

If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock due to looseness or disconnection.



## Protect cable from being pulled

### Danger of short-circuit and electric shock

Be sure to fit cable-gland to hole of φ22mm at motor terminal box. If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock.



## **WARNING**



Protect cable from being pulled

# Danger of short-circuit and electric shock

The power-supply conductor shall be free from strain including twisting by using cord anchorage, which is specified by the local electrical wiring regulation.

If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock.



# Be sure to ground

### Danger of electric shock

Connect earth cord to earth terminal in motor terminal box.

If not, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock



With a thermal protector

### Danger of restart

Be sure to switch off electric source before maintenance or inspection.

Single-phase motor has a thermal protector.

Vacuum pump restarts become cool without warning after vacuum pump.



Never evacuate hazardous gas

### Danger of explosion and ignition

Do not evacuate gas which is hazardous to humans or explosive, flammable, or corrosive. Do not evacuate with substances containing chemicals, solvents, and powders.

If done, it can cause failure or bodily injury by gas, explosion or ignition.

It is not guaranteed fluorine rubber can be used for all solvents.



Avoid foreign matter

# Danger of entanglement and foreign matter dispersal

Never put finger or foreign matter into air holes of bracket.

If done, it can cause bodily injury from entanglement with turning section, or foreign matter dispersal.



**Never alter** 

# Danger of electric shock and entanglement

Do not remove or alter safeguards or insulation parts.

If done, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock or turning section and it can cause deteriorated performance and operating lifetime, and invalidate guarantee.



Change after vacuum pump is stopped

### Danger of failure and bodily injury

Change air-flush port only after vacuum pump is stopped.

If you change it during vacuum pump operation, it can cause vacuum pump failure and bodily injury.



Conduct periodical maintenance and inspection

### Danger of failure and bodily injury

Conduct periodical maintenance and inspection.

If not, it can cause insufficient performance, failure of vacuum pump, and bodily injury.



# Be careful about high temperature

### Danger of burns

Conduct maintenance and inspection only after vacuum pump becomes cool enough. Maintenance and inspection soon after vacuum pump stops can cause burn injury.



Turn off electric source

### Danger of electric shock

Be sure to conduct maintenance and inspection after you turn off electric source.

If not, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock or turning object.



Ask specialist to perform repairs

# Danger of accident, failure and shorter operating lifetime

Ask specialist to perform repairs. Defective repairs can cause accident, failure or shorter operating lifetime.



# **CAUTION**



Use at designated temperature

### Danger of overheating

Operate at ambient temperature of 5°C ~40°C

Operating at a temperature range other than that designated can cause accident, failure or bodily injury such as burns due to overheating.



# Pay attention to ventilation

### Danger of overheating

Install in a well-ventilated area.

Poor ventilation can disrupt cooling and cause accident, failure or bodily injury such as burns since this vacuum pump is an air-cooled type.

# 0

**Avoid dust** 

## Danger of dust

Be sure site is free from dust. Sucking in of dust can cause failure.



Install on a solid, level floor

### Danger of unbalance

Be sure to fix vacuum pump on solid and level floor (less than  $5^{\circ}$  inclination).

Uneven fix can cause failure and movement of vacuum pump. Fix pump base with 4 bolts using hole of  $\phi 9 mm$  at bracket.



# Avoid direct sunlight

## Danger of overheating

Install where equipment is not exposed to direct sunlight.

Vacuum pump exposed to direct sunlight can overheat, resulting in failure.



### Check voltage

#### Motor burnout

Before doing any wiring, check electric source and voltage. This pump is a multi voltage type of AC100V/AC200V. Voltage can be changed at terminal block. This pump is wired to 100V when shipping from factory. Check your electric source, voltage, and cord correctly to terminal block. Improper wiring and incorrect voltage can cause motor burnout.



Inspect cause of problem

# Danger of problem recurrence and failure

If protective device or thermal protector activates, be sure to turn off electric source and inspect causes to solve the problem.

Do not operate until problem is solved. Operation while problem is left unsolved can cause problem recurrence and failure.



Remove cap

### Danger of cap to fly

Remove cap from inlet and outlet.

Operation with cap being fitted can cause cap to fly by intake or exhaust impetus, resulting in accident, failure, or bodily injury from contact with flying objects.



Prevent human body from contacting

# Danger of human body parts contacting vacuum

At starting up of the vacuum pump and during operation, be careful not to enter human body into the inlet.

You can cause injury to people and damage to equipment.



Prevent foreign matter from entering

### Danger of foreign matter entering inlet

When checking turning direction, be careful not to enter foreign matter into an inlet.

Foreign matter entering inlet can cause failure.



Check fan

## Danger of overheating

Check that cooling fan is turning and cooling air is flowing.

If not, it can cause accident, failure or bodily injury such as burns due to overheating.



Pay attention to exhaust resistance

## Danger of exhaust disruption

When connecting exhaust piping to vacuum pump and when combining piping with another vacuum pump, pay attention to piping size and length so that it does not cause exhaust resistance.

Exhaust resistance can disrupt air flow, resulting

in failure and over-current.



# **CAUTION**



Prevent foreign matter from entering

# Danger of foreign matter entering inlet

If you use the seal material or the adhesive, etc. to prevent Leak of the joint when piping with internal screw of inlet, be careful not to enter the seal material or the adhesive into an inlet.

The seal material or the adhesive entering inlet can cause failure.



Start or stop after closing isolation valve

# Danger of vacuum break and pollution

Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum system (chamber) during start-up and stop. Start-up or stop with isolation valve in the open position can draw back gas and debris attached to inside of pump to vacuum chamber due to pressure differential, resulting in vacuum break and pollution on vacuum chamber side.



Beware temperature of intake gas

# Danger of exceeding permissible temperature of intake gas

If intake gas temperature is over 50°C, be sure to install a chiller or trap between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber so that gas intake temperature of vacuum pump keeps below 50°C. If not, vacuum pump temperature can increase, resulting in failure.



Operate while opening air-flush port

### Danger of remaining moisture

When evacuating moisture, be sure to open air-flush port (air-flush opened operation).

If you evacuate vapor while air-flush port is closed, condensed water will remain inside vacuum pump and cause failure.



Caution after exhausting vapor

# Danger of insufficient vapor exhaust

After evacuating vapor, do air-flush opened operation for at least one hour. If you close air-flush port or stop vacuum pump soon after evacuating vapor, condensed water will remain inside vacuum pump which will cause failure.



Beware of intake gas volume

# Danger of exceeding permissible intake gas volume

When sending N<sub>2</sub> gas or dry air into air-flush port, pressure should be the same as atmospheric pressure and flow rate should be less than 5L/min. If not, it can increase pressure inside vacuum pump, resulting in failure.



Caution for frequent start/stop and short interval

### Risk of motor malfunction

Refrain from frequent start/stop operation. It induces malfunction of motor such as burn out.

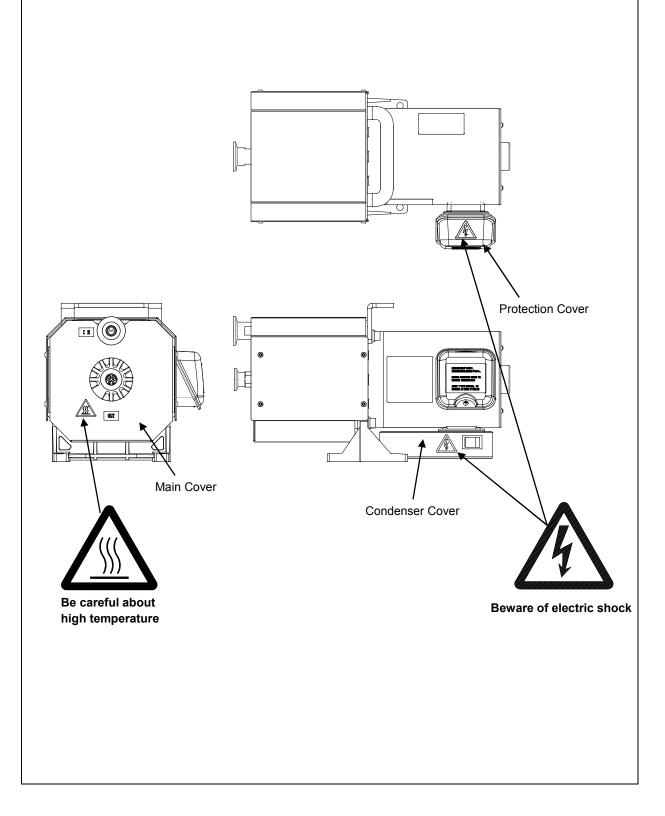
Please consult your distributor or factory representative for details.

Appropriate operating mode with adequate interval and frequency of start/stop is varies owing to operating condition.

# Where to attach warning stickers

## Where to attach warning stickers

Always keep warning stickers clean and legible. If they become dirty or detached, replace them with new ones. If you need replacement stickers, contact our sales branches who sold the vacuum pump to you.



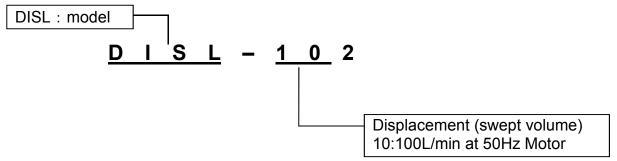
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## 1. Before use

## 1.1 Check the product

- · Check that the package is right-side-up before opening.
- Check that the model of the product is the same as the one you ordered.
   How to read model name



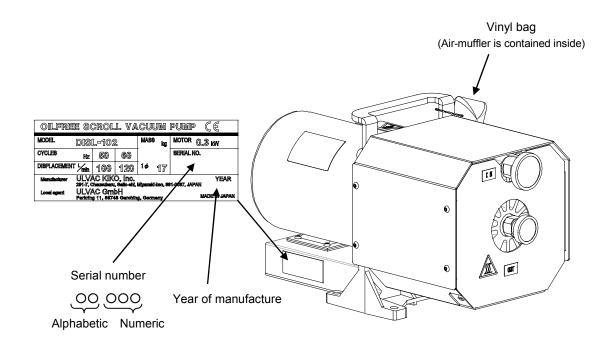
Check that there is no damage.

If there is any damage, contact either our sales branches who sold it to you or local sales offices.

Check the following accessories.

Instruction manual (this one)

Air-muffler for air-flushing (which is attached to the grip)



\*\*Please prepare electric source cables, crimp-style terminal, electric source protective devices, piping to inlet, and piping from outlet on customer side.

# Open package

# **WARNING**

## Danger of cargo collapse

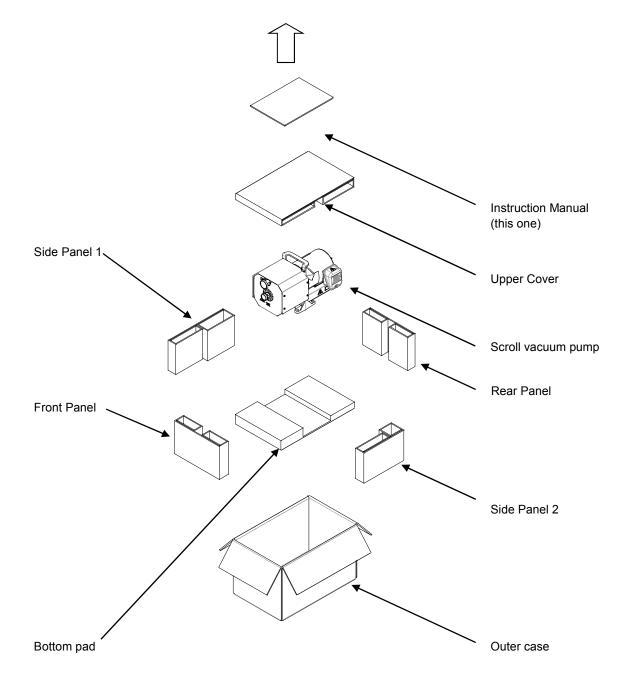
Hold the motor handle of the product (DISL-102 mass 17kgs) firmly, when installing vacuum pump.



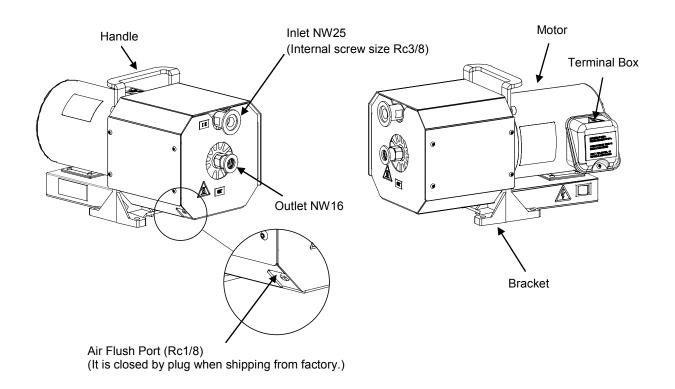
lifting

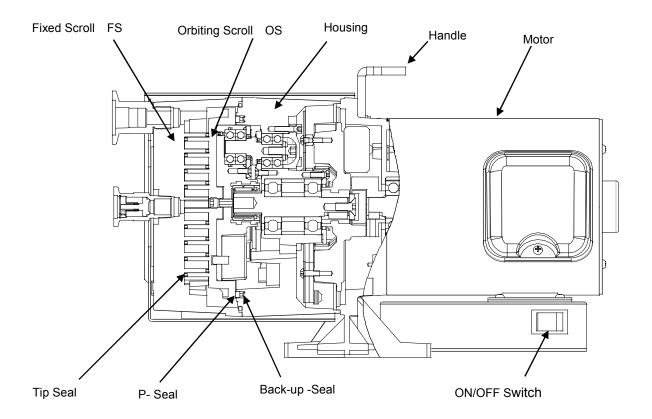
Be careful about

If not, it can cause damage, failure or bodily injury from falling vacuum pump, or by being caught between vacuum pump and other material.

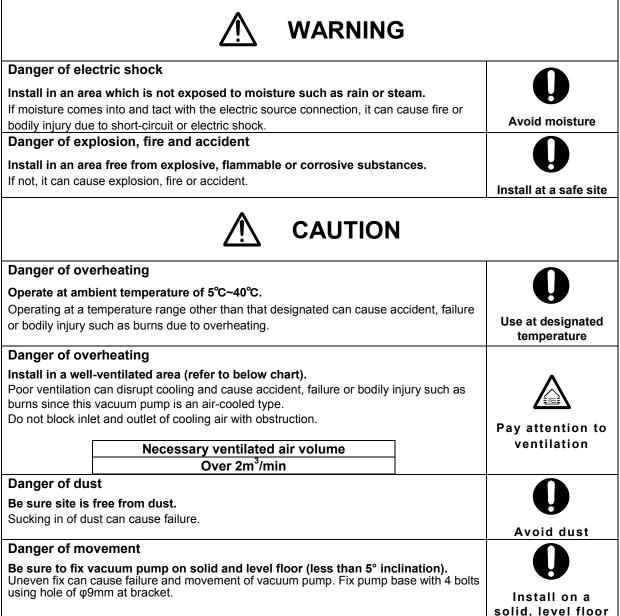


# 2. Name and structure of each section





## 3. Installation



Install where equipment is not exposed to direct sunlight.

Danger of overheating

Vacuum pump exposed to direct sunlight can overheat, resulting in failure.

# A leve

Avoid direct sunlight

## **Important**

When building vacuum pump into vacuum system, pay attention to space for maintenance, ambient temperature and piping. Be sure to fix vacuum pump on solid and level floor. If you have any questions, contact our sales branches who sold it to you or local sales offices.

<u></u> <b>MARNING</b>	
Danger of short-circuit and electric shock  Ask a qualified electrician to perform electrical wiring.  If not, short-circuit or electric shock can cause fire or bodily injury.	Ask qualified electrician
Danger of electric shock and entanglement  Be sure to turn off electric source on building site before wiring.  If not, it can cause electric shock or bodily injury due to turning objects.	Turn off electric
Danger of accident, fire and failure  Be sure to install protective device to protect circuitry. We recommend overcurrent protective device (rated 15A) to protect branch circuit.  If equipment is not stopped in an emergency, it can cause accident, fire or failure.	Install overcurrent protective device
Danger of accident, fire or failure  Be sure to install an electric source emergency stop switch (or protective device that can urgently stop).  If equipment is not stopped in an emergency, it can cause accident, fire or failure.	Install emergency stop switch
Danger of fire and electric shock Install short circuit protective device. If not, it can cause bodily injury due to fire or electric shock.	Install short circuit protective device
Danger of electric fire and electric shock (refer to chart 1 on page 14) Install motor protective circuit breaker to protect motor. If not, bodily injury due to electric fire or electric shock can result. If you have any questions about the selection of protective devices, contact either our sales branches who sold it to you or local sales offices.	Install motor protective circuit breaker to protect motor
Danger of short-circuit and electric shock  We recommend an electric source cable of more than 2mm² (more than rated 10A) cross section area for electric source cable and earth cord.  Be careful to avoid voltage drop considering local situation.  If not, it can cause a short-circuit fire and may result in bodily injury from electric shock.	Be careful about wiring
Danger of short-circuit and electric shock  Fit firmly proper round type crimp-style terminal to electric source cable using crimp tool and connect to motor terminal section.  If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock due to looseness or disconnection.	Use crimp-style terminal
Danger of short-circuit and electric shock  Be sure to fit cable-gland to hole of φ 22mm at motor terminal box.  If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock.	Protect cable from being pulled
Danger of short-circuit and electric shock  The power-supply conductor shall be free from strain including twisting by using cord anchorage, which is specified by the local electrical wiring regulation.  If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock.	Protect cable from being pulled
Danger of electric shock Connect earth cord to earth terminal in motor terminal box.  If not, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock.	Be sure to ground

## **Danger of restart**

Be sure to switch off electric source before maintenance or inspection. Single-phase motor has a thermal protector.

Vacuum pump restarts become cool without warning after vacuum pump.

With a thermal protector

## **CSA Requirement**

Thermally protected automatic reset. TYPE TP212. Motor restart without warning after protector trip.

Min. circuit ampacity of conductor is 10A

Max. branch circuit breaker is 15A

## When you used this pump in Europe.

This vacuum pump must be equipped with a main disconnect device in accordance with requirements of EN60204-1, clause 5.3.2.It is recommended to use a circuit breaker as main breaker which is suitable for isolation according to EN60947-2 and is equipped with an operating handle which is lockable in OFF position and complies with the other requirements of EN60204-1, clause 5.3

CAUTION		
Motor burnout		
Before doing any wiring, check electric source and voltage. This pump is multi voltage type of AC100V/AC200V.  Voltage can be changed at terminal block.  This pump is wired to 100V when shipping from factory.  Check your electric source, voltage, and cord correctly to terminal block.  Improper wiring and incorrect voltage can cause motor burnout.	Check voltage	
Danger of problem recurrence and failure  If protective device activates, be sure to turn off electric source and inspect causes to solve the problem. Do not operate until problem is solved.  Operation while problem is left unsolved can cause problem recurrence and failure.	Inspect cause of problem	

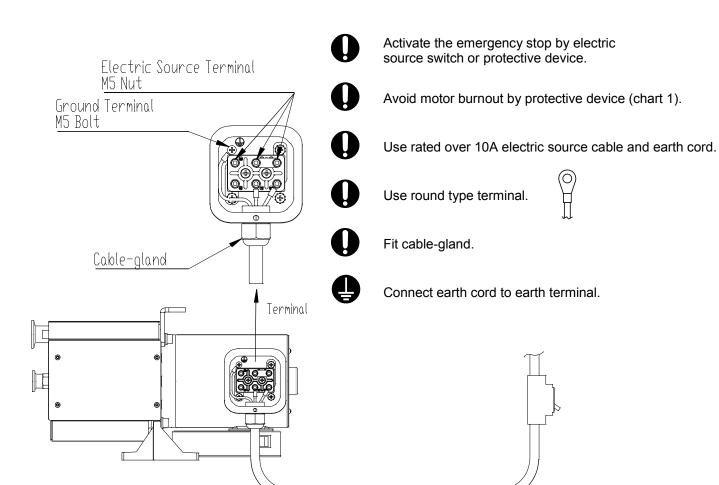
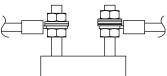


Chart-1

onare i		
Voltage V	Frequency Hz	Recommended breaker (or protective device) capacity A
100	50	3.3
100	60	3.6
115	60	3.5
200	50	1.6
200	60	2.0
230	50	1.8
230	60	1.8

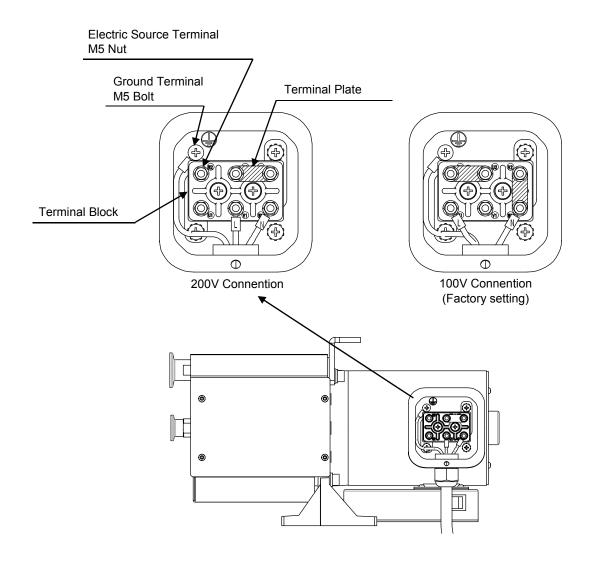
## How to wire

- Remove 1pcs. of M5 bolt at motor terminal box and remove protection cover.
   Be sure to keep M5 bolts and washer, which were removed from the protection cover.
- 2 Wiring diagram is shown inside protection cover.
- ③ Please tighten a terminal plate and a cable with the nut of the top and bottom from the terminal surface at about 5mm positions like a figure.



You can change to a 100V or 200V connection by changing terminal plate (2pcs.). **XIt is wired to 100V when shipping from factory.** 

- 4 If you want to change to a 200V connection, remove M5 nut of electric source terminal and change terminal plate as illustrated below.
- ⑤ Connect electric cable to terminal by using cable-gland at  $\phi$  22mm hole of motor terminal box.
- 6 Insert electric source cable through cable-gland on the bottom side of terminal box.
- ⑦ Connect each phase L-N to each electric source terminal respectively in accordance with the below wiring diagram.
  Terminal screw nuts should be torqued between 1.2 N ⋅ m and 1.5N ⋅ m.
- The protective earth cord shall be suffice in length and put up to keep the cord the last to take the strain if the cable slips in its anchorage.

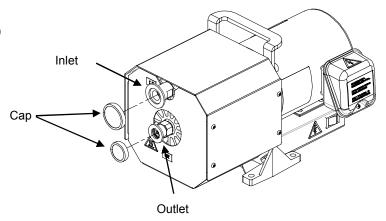


## 3.2 Test operation

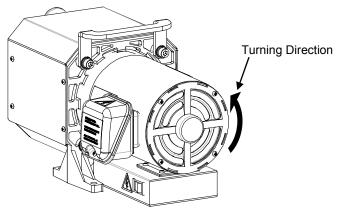
<u> CAUTION</u>	
Danger of cap to fly	
Remove cap from inlet and outlet.  Operation with cap being fitted can cause cap to fly by intake or exhaust impetus,	V
resulting in accident, failure, or bodily injury from contact with flying objects.	Remove cap
Danger of human body parts contacting vacuum	
At starting up of the vacuum pump and during operation, be careful not to enter human body into the inlet.	V
You can cause injury to people and damage to equipment.	Prevent human body from contacting
Danger of foreign matter entering inlet	
When checking turning direction, be careful not to enter foreign matter into an inlet.	
Foreign matter entering inlet can cause failure.	Prevent foreign matter from entering
Danger of overheating	
Check that cooling fan is turning and cooling air is flowing.	V
If not, it can cause accident, failure or bodily injury such as burns due to overheating.	Check fan

# **Test operation**

① Open inlet and outlet Remove caps (2 places) from inlet and outlet of vacuum pump.



2 Check turning direction Open inlet, turn on electrical source to start operating vacuum pump, and Check that air comes out from outlet.



If you fit pump to vacuum system and control operation of vacuum pump by remote control, **first check pump itself for turning direction** and then fit it to vacuum system.

## 3.3 Connection to vacuum system (chamber)

Inlet is NW25 (Internal screw size: Rc 3/8) and outlet is NW16.



## **CAUTION**

### **Danger of exhaust disruption**

When connecting exhaust piping to vacuum pump and when combining piping with another vacuum pump, pay attention to piping size and length so that it does not cause exhaust resistance.

Pay attention to exhaust resistance

Exhaust resistance can disrupt air flow, resulting in failure and over-current.

## Danger of foreign matter entering inlet

If you use the seal material or the adhesive, etc. to prevent Leak of the joint when piping with internal screw of inlet, be careful not to enter the seal material or the adhesive into an inlet.

The seal material or the adhesive entering inlet can cause failure.

Prevent foreign matter from entering

## **Important**

Use isolation valve between vacuum system and inlet.

Isolation valve is necessary to prevent the drawback of debris attached to the inside of vacuum pump into the vacuum chamber during start-up and shut-down. (We recommend the use of leak valve also). We recommend the use of an automatic valve as the isolation valve which closes during power failure in order to prevent the drawback of debris inside pump into the vacuum chamber during power failure.

Use an appropriate and clean connecting pipe between vacuum chamber and vacuum pump.

Use the clean connecting pipe between vacuum chamber and vacuum pump.

We recommend the use of a flexible tube between the inlet of vacuum pump and outlet of vacuum chamber so that vibration of the vacuum pump can be isolate.

When connecting exhaust piping to the outlet of vacuum pump, refer to the following instructions.

Never exceed **9-meter** in length in straight line when extending exhaust pipe. The pipe size should be no smaller than **Rc3/8** (inner dia.12.5)

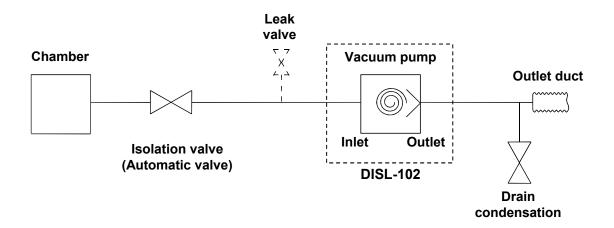
When longer extension of exhaust piping is required, adopt larger exhaust pipe size.

Make sure that exhaust piping is not blocked during pump operation.

Make sure that pressure at outlet does not exceed atmospheric pressure at any conditions.

In order to keep condensation away from feeding into the exhaust port, take proper measure.

It causes exhaust disturbance. Drain condensations periodically by using valve separately arranged.



# 4. Operation

Be sure to use the procedure below to start up or shut down the pump.

- When you do not use air-flush device,
  - proceed 4.1 Air-flush closed operation [page 20].
- When you use air-flush device,

proceed 4.2 Air-flush opened operation [page 21].

proceed 4.2 Air-flush opened operation [page 21].		
MARNING		
Danger of explosion and ignition		
Do not evacuate gas which is hazardous to humans or explosive, flammable, or corrosive. Do not evacuate with substances containing chemicals, solvents, and powders.  If done, it can cause failure or bodily injury by gas, explosion or ignition.  Do not pump  Toxic gas Explosive gas Flammable gas Corrosive gas Chemicals Solvent Powder Liquid  When evacuating vapor, operate in accordance with 4.2 [page 21].  Fluorine rubber seal specification can be used for exhaust some solvents. However It is not guaranteed fluorine rubber can be used for all solvents.	Never evacuate hazardous gas	
Never put finger or foreign matter into air holes of bracket.  If done, it can cause bodily injury from entanglement with turning section, or foreign matter dispersal.  Finger, foreign matter  Air hole of bracket	Avoid foreign matter	
Danger of electric shock and entanglement  Do not remove or alter safeguards or insulation parts.  If done, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock or turning section and it can cause	$\Diamond$	
deteriorated performance and operating lifetime, and invalidate guarantee.	Never alter	
Danger of failure and bodily injury  Change air-flush port only after vacuum pump is stopped.  If you change it during vacuum pump operation, it can cause vacuum pump failure and bodily injury.	Change after vacuum pump is stopped	



# CAUTION

Danger of vacuum break and pollution  Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum system  (chamber) during start up and start	0
(chamber) during start-up and stop.  Start-up or stop with isolation valve in the open position can draw back gas and debris attached to inside of vacuum pump to vacuum chamber due to pressure differential, resulting in vacuum break and pollution on vacuum chamber side.	Start or stop after closing isolation valve
Danger of exceeding permissible temperature of intake gas  If intake gas temperature is over 50°C, be sure to install a chiller or trap between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber so that gas intake temperature of vacuum pump keeps below 50°C.  If not, vacuum pump temperature can increase, resulting in failure.	Beware temperature of intake gas
Danger of remaining moisture  When evacuating moisture, be sure to open air-flush port (air-flush opened operation).	Operate while opening
If you evacuate vapor while air-flush port is closed, condensed water will remain inside vacuum pump and cause failure.  Danger of insufficient vapor exhaust	air-flush port
After evacuating vapor, do air-flush opened operation for at least one hour.  If you close air-flush port or stop vacuum pump soon after evacuating vapor, condensed moisture will remain inside vacuum pump, which will cause failure.	Caution after exhausting vapor
Danger of exceeding permissible intake gas volume When sending $N_2$ gas or dry air into air-flush port, pressure should be the same as atmospheric pressure and flow rate should be less than $5L/min$ .	Beware of intake gas
If not, it can increase pressure inside vacuum pump, resulting in failure.  Risk of motor malfunction	volume
Refrain from frequent start/stop operation. It induces malfunction of motor such as burn out. Please consult your distributor or factory representative for details. Appropriate operating mode with adequate interval and frequency of start/stop is varies	Caution for frequent start/stop and short

## **Important**

interval

# If it takes time to reach ultimate pressure of pump during initial operation (also operation after pump has not been used for a long time),

Close inlet, and continue operation for 6~8 hours while opening inlet for 3~5 seconds to atmosphere 2~3 times per hour. During pump stoppage, moisture might have entered inside of pump and deteriorated performance to reach ultimate pressure.

## If pump has evacuated liquid such as water or high humid air (over 60%RH),

owing to operating condition.

Moisture can deposit inside pump and cause pump failure. In that case, close isolation valve, and open inlet to atmosphere for 3~5 seconds several times and exhaust moisture inside pump to outside.

# If pump has continued operation around ultimate pressure or continuously evacuated high humid gas

Moisture can be condensed and remains inside pump, causing insufficient ultimate pressure and failure. In that case, do air-flush opened operation in accordance with 4.2 [page 21].

## 4.1 Air-flush closed operation

## 4.1.1 Start-up

- (1) Check that caps of inlet and outlet is removed.
- Close isolation valve in order to prevent the drawback of debris attached to the inside of vacuum pump into vacuum chamber due to pressure differential, resulting in vacuum break and pollution. (Open leak valve if you use leak valve).
- ③ Turn on vacuum pump. Please install an external power switch or protective device (breaker) before letting vacuum pump operate.
- 4 Check start-up of vacuum pump and open isolation valve (close leak valve soon after start-up if you use leak valve) and evacuate vacuum chamber.

## **Important**

When continuously operating pump at around ultimate pressure, (for example, using as fore line pump of turbo molecular pump)

It can cause foreign matter or moisture to deposit inside pump, resulting in failure.

In that case, do air-flush opened operation or close isolation valve and open inlet to atmosphere for 3~5 seconds, 3~5 times daily.

Be careful not to damage air-flush port (especially air-muffler section).

If not, it can cause failure.

When doing air-flush opened operation,

Noise level will increase (by 5dB).

Install pump in an area which is not exposed to debris such as iron powder, stone powder, polish powder or wood dust.

Debris can clog air-muffler, undercutting air-flush effect.

## 4.1.2 Shut-down

- ① Be sure to close isolation valve in order to prevent the drawback of debris attached to inside of vacuum pump into vacuum chamber during operation due to pressure differential (open leak valve if you use leak valve).
- 2 Turn off vacuum pump. Please install an external power switch or protective device (breaker) before letting vacuum pump operate.
- ③ Check shut-down of vacuum pump.

## **Important**

Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber during pump shut-down.

If vacuum pump stops during air-flush opened operation, atmospheric air is drawn back from air-flush port to inside of vacuum pump, and vacuum on chamber side cannot be maintained. Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber to prevent the drawback of debris from vacuum pump into vacuum chamber before stopping vacuum pump.

When returning air-flush opened operation to air-flush closed operation, operate as per 4.2.3[page 22].

## 4.2 Air-flush opened operation

This pump is equipped with air-flush port. Before evacuating vapor, read precautions below completely and be sure to understand the contents.

## Purpose of air-flush

Evacuating moisture or humid gas by vacuum pump can cause condensed water to remain in pump. This remaining water can cause failure of ultimate pressure or pump. Air-flush opened operation is necessary to exhaust the remaining water inside. Air-flush opened operation does not only exhaust moisture but also restores ultimate pressure.

## **Important**

Maintenance interval of this pump is based on clean gas applications The standard differs when evacuating vapor.

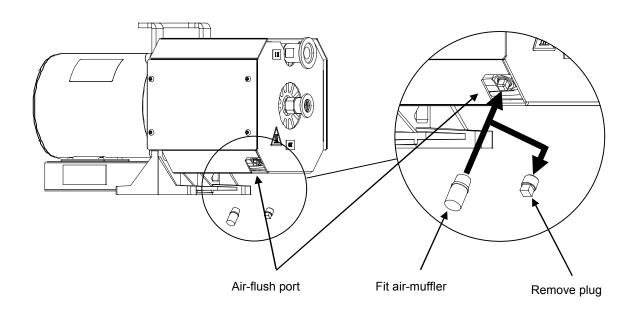
You must shorten maintenance interval (5.2[page 24]) when evacuating vapor since vapor temperature, disposal volume, disposal frequency and substances in vapor have an influence on pump operation. When evacuating vapor, pay attention to all WARNING, CAUTION and Important notes (4 [page 18~19]).

## 4.2.1 Preparation

Before starting air-flush opened operation, first stop vacuum pump and proceed in accordance with the following procedure. Never try to do air-flush opened operation during operation.

# Fit air-muffler

- ① Stop vacuum pump.
- 2 Remove plug from air-flush port with a spanner (nominal dia. 7mm).
- 3 Lightly fit the attached air-muffler to air-flush port.
- XStore the removed plug and do not misplace it.



## 4.2.2 Start-up and shut-down

- (1) Start vacuum pump according to 4.1.1 Operation [page 20].
- ② Stop vacuum pump according to 4.1.2 Shut-down[page 20].

## **Important**

## Continuous evacuating of humid gas

When evacuating vacuum chamber while humidity in chamber is high, moisture volume drawn into pump differs according to temperature and pressure in chamber.

When pumping vacuum chamber containing humid gas, be sure to open air-flush port and operate pump (air-flush opened operation).

Be careful not to damage air-flush port (especially air-muffler section).

Damage to air-flush port can cause failure.

When doing air-flush opened operation

Noise level will increase (by 3dB).

Install pump in an area which is not exposed to debris such as iron powder, stone powder, polish powder or wood dust.

Debris can clog air-muffler, undercutting air-flush effect.

Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber during pump shut-down.

If vacuum pump stops during air-flush opened operation, atmospheric air is drawn back from air-flush port to inside of vacuum pump, and vacuum on chamber side cannot be maintained. Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber to prevent the drawback of debris from vacuum pump into vacuum chamber before stopping vacuum pump.

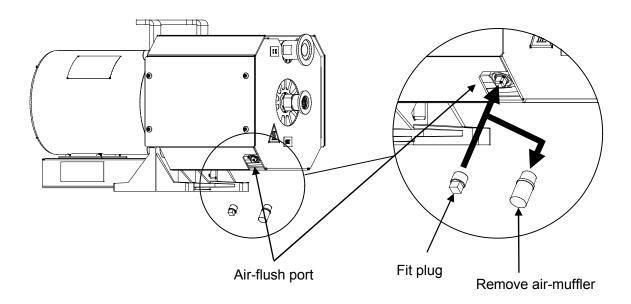
When operating with air-flush OFF (closed), operate as per 4.2.3[page 22].

## 4.2.3 When returning to air-flush closed operation

Before starting air-flush opened operation, first stop vacuum pump and proceed in accordance with the following procedure. Never perform this procedure during operation.

## Remove air-muffler

- ① Stop vacuum pump.
- ② Remove air-muffler from air-flush port.
- 3 Lightly fit plug to air-flush port with a spanner (nominal dia. 7mm).
- ₩When restarting air-flush opened operation, refer to 4.2.1~4.2.2[page 21~22] and prepare and start.
- \*Store removed air-muffler and pay attention not to misplace it.



# 5. Maintenance and inspection

MARNING	
Danger of failure and bodily injury	
Conduct periodical maintenance and inspection.	V
If not, it can cause insufficient performance, failure of vacuum pump, and bodily injury.	Conduct periodical maintenance and
Day was of the same	inspection
Danger of burns  Conduct maintenance and inspection only after vacuum pump becomes cool	
enough.  Maintenance and inspection soon after vacuum pump stops can cause burn injury.	Be careful about high temperature
Danger of restart	
Be sure to switch off electric source before maintenance or inspection. Single-phase motor has a thermal protector.	V
Vacuum pump restarts become cool without warning after vacuum pump.	With a thermal
Danger of electric shock	protector
Be sure to conduct maintenance and inspection after you turn off electric source.	<b>0</b> :\$-
If not, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock or turning object.	Turn off electric
	source
Danger of accident, failure and shorter operating lifetime  Ask specialist to perform repairs.	
Defective repairs can cause accident, failure or shorter operating lifetime.	Ask specialist to

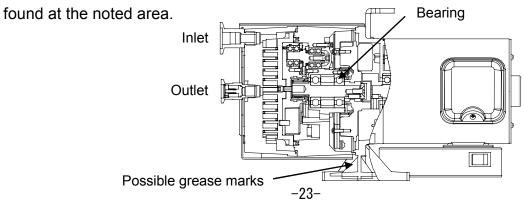
# 5.1 Daily maintenance and inspection

Conduct daily the following maintenance and inspection procedures.

Items	Contents	Measures	
	Abnormal sound	Ask specialist to repair.	
Vacuum pump itself	Abnormal vibration	Ask specialist to repair.	
	Abnormal temperature	Ask specialist to repair.	
	Cooling fins are dirty or clogged	Blowing air, cleaning	
Air-muffler	Dirty, clogged	Replace	
Exhaust valve	Dirty, clogged	Blowing air, clean	
Electric source cable	Deteriorated	Replace	

perform repairs

Upon start-up or during operation of DISL-102, it is normal that grease marks may be



## 5.2 Maintenance

When maintenance interval has elapsed, be sure to contact our distributor who sold it to you. This vacuum pump requires maintenance conducted only by our authorized specialist.

Never try to disassemble, reassemble or alter on user's side. We are not responsible for any accidents caused by disassembly, reassembly or alteration which was done by the user or non-specialist.

The following parts are consumable and need to be replaced periodically. Whenever something goes wrong with them, replace them immediately.

	Maintenance interval			
Where to inspect	Yearly or 8,000 h	Biennially or 16,000 h	Triennially or 24,000 h	4th years or 32,000 h
Angular contact Ball bearing set	-	Grease / △	-	0
Pin crank set	Grease / △	Grease / △	Grease / △	0
Duplex arrangement angular ball bearing set [Housing]	-	Grease / △	-	0
Roller bearing set [OS]	Grease / △	Grease / △	Grease / △	0
Spider	0	0	0	0
P-seal [FS set]	0	0	0	0
Tip seal FS	0	0	0	0
Tip seal OS	0	0	0	0
Air-flush kit	0	0	0	0
Cooling fan	Δ	Δ	Δ	0
Vacuum pump itself	-	-	-	0

- O···Replace
- △ • Replace if something goes wrong.
- Note 1: Be sure to use designated DISL exclusive grease.
- Note 2: You must shorten maintenance standard when pumping vapor since vapor temperature, disposal volume, disposal frequency and substances in vapor have influence on pump operation.
- Note 3: The maintenance interval should be earlier one in either the period or running hours.
- Note 2: When you want further operation after either the 4<sup>th</sup> year or 32,000 operating hours, please contact our distributor who sold it to you.

## **Important**

## Causes of failure

Shorten maintenance interval if conditions of installation or operation are unfavorable.

In particular, ambient temperature has a great influence on failure. Maintenance interval is based on an ambient temperature 5~40°C and a yearly average ambient temperature 25°C.

Shorten the maintenance interval if temperature exceeds the foregoing. If not, it can cause failure.

Maintenance interval is not a guarantee period.

## **Exceeding maintenance interval**

Operation exceeding maintenance interval increases risk of failure and accidents.

When maintenance interval has elapsed, be sure to contact either our sales branches who sold it to you or local sales.

# 6. Problems and remedies

If something goes wrong, refer to the following chart and remedy problems. If you cannot solve your problems, please contact either our sales branches who sold

it to you or local sales.

Protective device (or breaker) activates.  Electric source cable is loose or cut.  Voltage drops.  Motor malfunctions.  Pump malfunctions.  Foreign matter enters.  Motor protection gear activates.  Protective device (or breaker) activates.  Protective device (or breaker) activates.  Voltage drops.  Motor protection gear activates.  Protective device (or breaker) activates.  Voltage drops.  Check connection.  Repair or replace.  XInspect and repair.	
Motor does not rotate.    Voltage drops.   Check size and length of cable.	
Motor does not rotate.    Voltage drops.	
Motor does not rotate.    Motor malfunctions.   XInspect and repair.	
Motor malfunctions.  Pump malfunctions. Foreign matter enters.  Motor protection gear activates.  Protective device (or breaker) activates.  Voltage drops.  *Inspect and repair.  *Inspect and repair	
Foreign matter enters.  Motor protection gear activates.  Protective device (or breaker) activates.  Voltage drops.  Air outlet is clogged.  **Inspect and repair.  **Inspect and repair.  Check size and length of cable.	
Motor protection gear activates.  Protective device (or breaker) activates.  Voltage drops.  Air outlet is clogged. %Inspect and repair.  *Inspect and repair.  Check size and length of cable.	
activates.	
Protective device (or breaker)	
activates.  Voltage drops.  Check size and length of cable.	
Motor malfunctions.   *Inspect and repair.	
Pump malfunctions.	
Motor stops soon. Foreign matter enters.	
Improper exhaust piping. Check exhaust piping diameter	and
length.	
Air outlet is clogged.	
Motor protection gear Air outlet is clogged.	
activates.	
Air leaks from piping.  O-ring is damaged.  Check tightness of piping.  Replace.	
O-ring is damaged. Replace.  Moisture and solvent are Open inlet to atmosphere and open inlet to atmosp	noroto
drawn.   for a few minutes and then close	
Ultimate pressure is and operate for about 24 hours.	
insufficient.  Do air-flush opened operation.	
Install trap and filter.	
Number of motor revolutions	
drops.   *Inspect and repair.	
Pump malfunctions.	
Connection becomes loose. Tighten connection.	
Inspect and repair.      Inspect and repair.	
The fix is not level.  Fix vacuum pump on solid and floor (less than 5° inclination).	level
abnormal vibration ** Inspect and repair.	
Foreign matter enters pump.	
Motor malfunctions.	
Pump malfunctions.	

X Contact our distributor who sold it to you.

# 7. Disposal

When a vacuum pump is disposed, please comply with local law and/or regulations such as the Waste Disposal Law.

# 8. Specifications

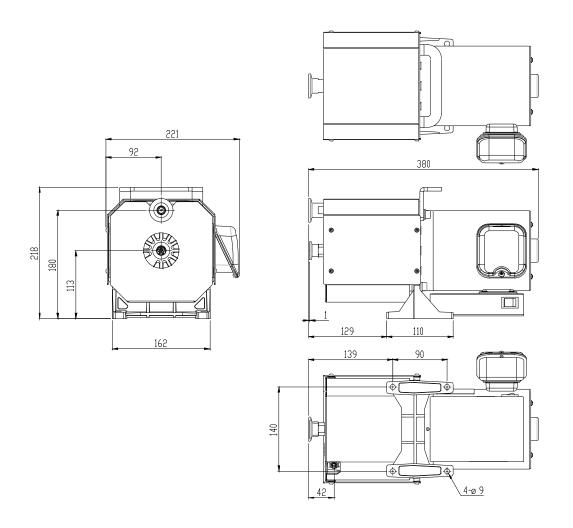
8.1 Specifications

Model			DISL-102			
Bac	Back-up material		Fluorine rubber			
Displacement 50Hz		100				
L/m	L/min 60Hz		120			
Ultimate pressure Pa		≦20				
Max	Max. inlet pressure		Atmospheric pressure			
Amb	Ambient operating temperature °C		5~40			
	Туре		Single-phase induction motor 2P,Totally-enclosed,Insulation Class B, Capacitor start, run, Thermal Protector TP212, Automatic reset type, IP44			
	Output kW		0.3			
Motor	Voltage V		100	115	200	230
2	Rated current	50Hz	2.6	_	1.3	1.4
	Α	60Hz	2.9	2.8	1.6	1.4
	Revolution	50Hz	2925	_	2925	2940
	min <sup>-1</sup> {rpm}	60Hz	3490	3520	3490	3520
Noise	Noise emission value 1m Sound pressure level dB(A) Surface		≦62 ( With air-flush ON:≦65 )			
Sound			64 ( Uncertainty:3 )			
Inlet connection			NW25 [Internal screw size : Rc3/8]			
Outlet connection			NW16 [With exhaust valve]			
Dimensions mm L×W×H			380×221×218			
Mass kg			17			
Cooling system			Air-cooled			
Others			With air-flush			

- Note 1 : Fluorine rubber used in this product may not be compatible for certain chemicals. Please contact chemical supplier.
- Note 2: Pumping speed and ultimate pressure should remain the same whether air-flush system is used or not.
- Note 3: Maximum voltage allowance is + or 10% from motor rating.
- Note 4: Noise emission value is measured at ultimate pressure.
- Note 5: Noise emission value (1m) is measured at 1m from the product surface in an anechoic room.
- Note 6: Noise emission value (Surface) determined according to noise test code given in ISO 3744 and according described to ISO 4871. The sum of a measured noise emission value and its associated uncertainty represents an upper boundary of the range of values which is likely to occur in measurements.
- Note 7: Vapor handling volume is no more than 100g/day (at 25°C 60%RH) with air-flush opened operation. Air-flush flow rate is 5L/min.
- Note 8: This product is wired for 100V at the factory.
- Note 9: Install circuit protection device for safety. Consult to qualified electrician for details.
- Note 10: This product is designed for indoor use. Install the product away from moistures or excessive humidity.
- Note 11 : All data shown in this literature were measured based on our test standard and specific conditions.

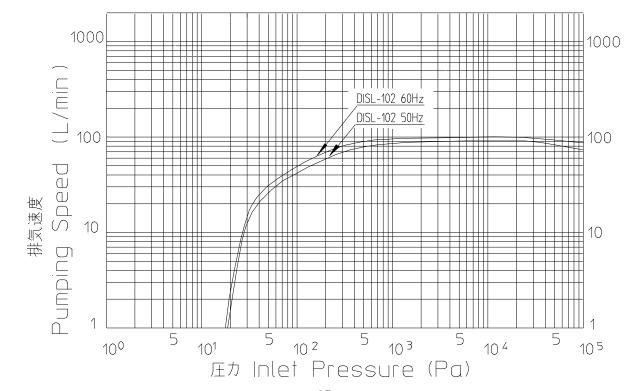
  Actual measurements are subject to change of conditions of use.
- Note 12: The specification might change without a previous notice for the quality improvement.

## 8.2 Dimensions



# 8.3 Performance data

DISL-102 Pumping Speed



# 9. Warranty and After-sales service

## 9.1 Warranty

The warranty period of the scroll dry vacuum pump shall be one year from the date of delivery to a place designated by the customer or 8,000-hour operation whichever comes faster. ULVAC KIKO warrants that any part of the product excluding the consumables that proves to be defective within the warranty period even though the scroll dry vacuum pump is properly operated according to this instruction manual will be repaired or replaced, free of charge. However, this warranty shall not cover any of the following malfunctions.

- ① Problem caused by not following to "For safe operation" in the operation manual.
- ② Malfunction or damage caused by operation or repairing other than the descriptions in the operation manual.
- 3Malfunction or damage caused by any other product than the scroll dry vacuum pump.
- (4) Malfunction or damage caused by disassembling, remodeling or repairing the scroll dry vacuum pump by an unauthorized person.
- (5) Malfunction or damage caused by disasters.
- (6) Replacement of consumables.

This warranty shall be limited to the scroll dry vacuum pump. Therefore, any damage to the other products caused by a malfunction of this vacuum pump shall not be covered by the warranty. This warranty is valid only in Japan.

## 9.2 After-sales and service

Periodical inspection is recommended to use the scroll dry vacuum pump safely and efficiently. After the warranty period (one year or 8,000-hour operation), any inspection or the scroll dry vacuum pump requires a charge. In addition, malfunctions specified in the above preconditions require a charge for repair or trouble shooting even if the warranty period is not expired. When requesting repair, make a copy of the operating conditions **check sheet** on the next page and complete it. Then attach the complete sheet to the vacuum pump and send it to the service representative. However, please note that ULVAC KIKO cannot repair or inspect the vacuum pump if any gas prohibited in this manual or any gas that gives an adverse effect to the service person was sucked in the vacuum pump. The scroll dry vacuum pump is accurately and strictly manufactured. Contact the sales or service representative if the vacuum pump does not operate normally. Never attempt to repair it by yourself.

For any trouble of the system in which the scroll dry vacuum pump is installed, contact the manufacturer of the system for repair.



# **Vacuum Pump Check Sheet For Repair**

(for disassembly, inspection and repair)

*	staff. Fill in the item below and attached to the repair pump.				
	Date of issue : Year Month Date				
	Customer's name :				
	Person in charge:				
	TEL : FAX:				
	Representative Distributor :				
	Person in charge :				
	TEL : FAX:				
	Product Name : Serial No. (MFG. No):				
	Purchased Date : Year Month				
1.	Request item				
	☐ Repair order during the warranty period (No Charge)				
	☐ Evaluation pump disassembly inspection required or inspection for pump required (No charge)				
	☐ Immediate repairing is required、 (Charge)				
	☐ Periodical inspection or over haul (Charge)				
	☐ Repair order is required and estimation is required before start repairing.				
2.					
	☐ Unusual sound ☐ Pressure degradation ☐ Irregular action ☐ Others				
3.	Purpose of the usage (Device's name if necessary)				
4.	Evacuated gas (Type of the gas)				
	(1) Hazardous situations for injury <u>Yes</u>				
	(2) Type of the gas · Name of the gas				
5.	Operational situation				
	(1) Operational elapsed time $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$ : $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$ hr $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$ 24hrs consecutive operation				
	□ On Off operation				
	(2) Installation place:				
	(3) Ambient temperature:				
	(4) Operational pressure:				
6.	Miserenious information. Please describe any information if necessary.				
7.	Send to				
	□Ulvac Kiko, Inc. CS Center. Yokohama Service Dep.				
	[Address] 1-10-4, Kitashinyokohama, Kohoku-ku, Yokohama City, Kanagawa Prf, Japan				
	TEL:045-533-0509 FAX:045-533-0512				
	Ulvac Kiko, Inc. CS Center. Miyazaki Service Dep.				
	[Address] 291-7, Chausubaru, Saito City, Miyazaki Prf. Japan				
<b>v</b>	TEL:0983-42-4135 FAX:0983-43-2159				
$\wedge$	Use this paper by recopying for every information. When sending your information without				

this check sheet, repairing may not be acceptable.